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O. P. SCHUMANN,

JUSTICE AND RIGHT.

Publisher and Proprietor

VOLUME XXXIII.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, SEPTEMBER 14, 1911.

NUMBER 37

Read Your Home
Newspaper and
Help to Boost
Your Home Town

MICHIGAN State Fair

The Greatest of all Fairs in the Fairest of all States.
Bigger and better than ever, but no increase in price.

Sep. 18-27 1911==Detroit
\$85,000 in Premiums and Prizes
Monoplane and Biplane Flights
Automobile, Motor Cycle, Bicycle Races
Live Stock Exhibits

The Admission remains at fifty cents, children twenty-five cents. No tickets are sold. Admission is by coin only. You drop your coin in the turnstile as you pass through. Bring the right coins with you and avoid the congestion at the change booth.

There is no event anywhere, any time, where you can see so much that will interest you as at the Michigan State Fair. Something of interest for every member of the family. It is the place to meet your neighbors and friends.

Five days of Grand Circuit Horse Racing

The speed kings of the earth and the dare-devils of the air in racing and flights for supremacy.

Clean, interesting midway with the best tent features obtainable. The cream of the J. Frank Hatch shows, including water carnival imported from Europe. This show has been one of the seasons big successes at the New York Hippodrome.

Immense exhibits of live stock, fruits and farm products. Big Automobile show, containing many of the 1912 models of passenger cars and trucks. This will be an especially interesting feature this year. Electrical show and Industrial Exhibition on second floor of Motor hall.

Grand night horse show and realistic spectacular \$10,000 fireworks production. Pioneer Days and Chief Pontiacs Attack on Fort Detroit. This magnificent spectacle is being especially built for the Michigan State Fair by the A. L. Due Fireworks Company and will be a tremendous popular attraction. Two hundred people in gorgeous costumes will participate in the sham battle between the Indians and soldiers.

Lily White Flour

The Flour the Best Cooks Use

Is guarantee 100 per cent pure. Every sack is sewed for your protection. Insist on LILY WHITE

MAKES BEST BREAD



Paints and Finishes

for
Fall "Fixing Up"

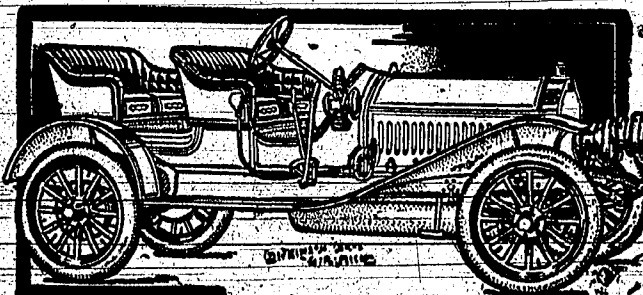
No money brings such satisfaction as a few cents spent in the Fall for "touching up" shabby floors, furniture and woodwork. All winter long the bright, attractive and wholesome home is a source of constant pleasure.

ACME QUALITY PAINTS AND FINISHES

are the kind to use. Simply tell us what you want to do and we will give you the proper Acme Quality Kind for your particular purpose. Let us tell you Five Strong Reasons for Fall House Painting.

For sale by A. KRAUS.

Olson's Automobile Line!



MACHINES FOR SALE OR RENT.

Call at Central Drug Store
or Auto Barn.

FIVE GOOD NUMBERS IN THIS YEAR'S ENTERTAINMENT COURSE

Three Concerts, One Interpreter
and One Lecturer.

BEST COURSE THE CITY EVER HAD.

Tickets on Sale by the Committees
and at Drug Store.

Grayling is to have an entertainment course, during the forthcoming season, of exceptional merit. The course comprises five numbers, three of which will be musicals, an evening of interpretation, and a lecture.

Those who have not as yet secured course tickets should not fail to arrange to attend the rare treat represented in these attractions. The entire course is booked through the Redpath Bureau, the oldest and largest bureau in the world.

Following is a synopsis of the entertainments:

Rogers and Griley.

Rogers & Griley, who for years have been rendering their programs in such cities as Boston, Cleveland, Chicago, Pittsburg, Baltimore and Seattle and at colleges and universities in nearly every state in the Union, will give their latest program in this city. Griley's work is similar to that of Katherine Ridgway, which has always been so much enjoyed everywhere. Mr. Griley has Mr. Rogers, the harpist, as an accompanist.

Mr. Rogers perhaps has no equal as a harpist in this country. He has been upon the platform in this line of work for some twenty years and time and again has made a tour as the harp soloist with the Boston Symphony Orchestra. In fact, it is claimed that Mr. Rogers was the first harpist to tour with a symphony orchestra in this country. He plays the most difficult and most popular music upon the harp with the greatest ease. As a novelty feature he plays two tunes at the same time, one with each hand, and each can be easily distinguished by the audience.

The Anita Singing Orchestra.

Another number of this forthcoming course is the Anita Singing Orchestra, a company which has been organized and coached by Mr. Ralph Danbar of the famous Danbar Quartet and Bell Ringers. This company consists of six young ladies both skilled as vocalists and as players of orchestral instruments. No expense has been spared in costuming the company and in coaching it for each individual number of the program. The repertoire of the Anita Singing Orchestra includes songs in both grand and light opera, classic and popular music, while the old time songs and hymns which appeal to the hearts and memories of men and women are worked out into splendid balance on every program.

The Pugh Company.

The Pugh company comprises a trio of splendid artists. Mr. Pugh has a magnificent baritone voice, a purity of tone and an artistic taste and temperament. He is a born interpreter and has won highest praise as a dramatic reader. Miss Hazel Lathrop, another member of this company, is a soprano with a voice of flute-like quality which ranks with the most popular sopranos of the day. She is also a finished pianist. Miss Katherine Kellogg, the third member of this company, plays the violin as it is played by few women. She plays with the full round tone of a master, her bowing being correct and her interpretation excellent.

Mon. George D. Alden.

Judge George D. Alden holds the unique distinction of being the only man in the country with whom the Redpath Bureau has made a five year contract. This of itself, of course, shows the assurance which the Bureau has that he is one of the most successful and popular lecturers on the platform. His lectures are different, not only in material but in their general make-up, from those of any other man. For example, he is a poet and he weaves into his lectures, to the great delight of his audience, original poems which fairly sparkle with both humor and keen logic.

He was first a lawyer and then a judge and therefore his lectures have back of them a splendid experience. He is a vigorous champion of human rights and honest living. One of his lectures is entitled, "The Needs of the Hour," and this has been given in nearly every state in the Union. His latest lecture is entitled, "The Powder and the Match," and these are but two of a series of very strong messages which he is carrying to the American people.

Mr. John F. Chambers.

Mr. John F. Chambers, interpreter, who has made a long and careful study of his art, is possessed of a fine voice, splendid presence and pleasing personality. Without employing theatrical of-

fects, unassisted by other persons, and without the use of wigs, make-up, etc., Mr. Chambers presents the plot, scenes and characters of a play in such a manner that the audience loses



es sight of the impersonator and sees only his characters as they come and go, feels their presence, and appreciates their motives and desires. Merry laughter ripples unrestrained and occasional shadows make the eye grow dim with tears. The story is unfolded and the message is delivered.

Mr. Chambers' programs are humorous, yet dignified and elevating. They are entertaining at the same time instructive. While they deal with the commonplace they pulsate with such human interest and inspiration that his hearers are carried away from the "commonplace" and see in them the finished masterpiece.

THE POSTAL SAVINGS BANK SYSTEM.

Small Investors to Get a Chance to Buy Government Bonds.

The Postal Savings Bank rate of interest is 2 per cent annually, and any amount up to \$100 may be deposited in the course of any calendar month. The maximum amount of deposits allowed is \$500, but at any time the depositor wishes to do so he may convert his savings into government bonds.

This idea is inaugurated by the government as a means of getting these desirable securities into the hands of the small investors and people of small means who wish to procure safe investments. This is the only way small investors may obtain government bonds without paying the big profits of the bond dealers and brokers. The bonds are obtainable only by depositors in the postal savings bank.

The simplest system possible has been devised for the use of the depositors. It consists in presenting his cash at the window and in return is given a certificate for the amount desired. In drawing out money he presents one of his certificates for the amount desired. The deposits are absolutely safe, the faith of the U. S. Government being pledged to the payment of all deposits.

Any person over ten years old may become a depositor, and an account cannot be opened for less than \$1.00.

AN INVITATION.

We cordially invite everyone, who is not a regular subscriber to the Avalanche, to become one. The price is \$1.50 per year, and it will always be found a welcome visitor into your home. It is full of news, fair, honest and a clean home paper. Please send or phone in your subscription today.

Grayling Mercy Hospital Notes.

Mrs. M. Bremner has been dismissed.

Mrs. R. W. Brink will be going home soon. Also Miss Agnes Havens.

Whitemar Jensen, who has been confined here with an abscess in a lower limb, is getting on nicely and has been discharged.

The Rev. Fathers Nye, of Cheboygan, Finnanagan, of Big Rapids, and Theiss of West Branch, have been here during the past week to visit Rev. Fr. O'Brien, of Grand Rapids, who is confined here at present.

Grayling Mercy hospital is located in practically the highest altitude in Michigan, where the climatic conditions are ideal. Our water is soft and of the purest. Many people come here for rest and treatment. There are about twelve people confined here at present.

Notice to Tax Payers.

The Tax Roll of 1911 for the Village of Grayling is in my hands for collection. Taxes received any day at the Bank during banking hours.

HONOR HANSON, Treas.

PRESIDENT TAFT WILL SLEEP IN GRAYLING.

The Hour To Early to Address
Our Citizens.

The following letters from our Congressman Loud were received last week:

Ausable, Mich., Sept. 2, 1911.

My dear Mr. Schumann:
I noticed in your issue of August 31st an item in which I am interested. It is an item in the third column, concerning the visit of President Taft to Michigan. It was at my earnest solicitation that he decided to accept the invitation of the Chamber of Commerce to visit Bay City. I hope to be with him from his arrival in Detroit until he leaves my district at Mackinaw, September 19th. If it is possible to get him up at the early hour when the train reaches Grayling, I shall be very glad indeed to assist in accomplishing it. I greatly fear, however, that the strenuous preceding day, speaking as he will at Pontiac, Detroit, and with a long and hard evening in Bay City, will demand rest for him, and it will be somewhat unreasonable to force him to lose his needed rest by an early call at Grayling. I will bring it to his attention at Detroit, and if he consents, I will then wire the friends at Grayling, so that they can be at the station.

Assuring you of my keen desire to follow out the wishes of the Grayling people, I am,

Very sincerely yours,
Geo. A. Loud.

Ausable Mich., Sept. 7, 1911.

My Dear Mr. Schumann:

I have just received a letter from Beverly, under date of September 1st, a copy of which I enclose. This indicates clearly what I feared would be the condition, and I am sorry indeed that the President can not consider the early hour meeting with the people of your town and Cheboygan and Wolverine as well. I had hoped that he would make at least Cheboygan, but that also seems to be out of the question.

With regret that I can not give a more favorable reply, and with kindest regards I am,

Most sincerely yours,
Geo. A. Loud.

Following is a copy of the letter from President Taft's secretary.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

WASHINGTON.

Beaverly, Mass., Sept. 1, 1911.

My dear Mr. Loud:
I have your letter of September 2nd, together with its enclosure. As you are aware, the President's forthcoming trip will be an exceedingly hard one lasting forty-eight days, and were he deprived of his sleep, it would be impossible to arrange for him to appear at any place through which he passes so early in the morning. The President, of course, greatly appreciates the flattering desire of the people of Grayling, Wolverine and Cheboygan to greet him, and he would be glad if you would be good enough to explain the conditions to them and at the same time convey to them an expression of his sincere regret that he is not able to meet their wishes.

Sincerely yours,
CHARLES C. HILLIS,

Sec. to the President.

New Law Regulating Transportation of Express Shipments.

A new law in force regulating the charges and forwarding of express packages is hereby given that the public may defend their own interests and take advantage of the new rate if they so desire.

Hereafter it shall be unlawful for any express company doing business in this state, to charge or receive, or cause to be charged or received for them, any greater amount than twenty-five cents for transporting and delivering any package of merchandise not exceeding five pounds in weight and ten dollars in value from any point within this state to any other point within this state. The rate provided in this section shall be in full for the collecting and delivering of said packages within the limits of any municipality where delivery service by said company is maintained.

All packages received for transportation between points within this state shall be forwarded by the shortest railroad route, or railroad and boat route, between said points unless otherwise specifically directed by the shipper. In cases where packages are received by a company not operating over the shortest route, the package or packages shall be turned over by said company to the company operating over the shortest route and by the latter company shall be forwarded. No extra charge shall be made by the company first receiving such package or packages for transferring to the company operating over the shortest route between said points.

Insure against fire with the best companies. O. Palmer.

Synopsis of Important General Game Laws of Michigan.

GAME ANIMALS.

Deer—Open season from October fifteen to November thirty, inclusive. Resident hunter's license \$1.50; non-resident hunter's license \$25. Each license expires twenty-five days after date of issue.

Unlawful for any person to kill more than two.

Unlawful to kill in red coat or fawn in spotted coat.

Unlawful to pursue, kill or capture any deer while it is in the water.

Unlawful to use dogs in hunting.

Unlawful to use artificial lights in hunting.

Unlawful to knowingly trap, injure or kill any deer or offspring thereof which are kept in or have escaped from any private enclosure.

Rabbits—Open season from October fifteen to March one, inclusive.

Unlawful to use ferrets or Guinea pigs in hunting.

Squirrels—Unlawful to hunt fox, black or gray until 1914.

FUR BEARING ANIMAL.

Beaver—Unlawful to kill until January 1, 1913.

Bear, otter, fisher, martin, fox, mink, raccoon and skunk—Unlawful to take, trap or kill from April one to November one.

Muskrat—Unlawful to take, trap or kill from April fifteen to November one.

Muskrat or beaver houses—Unlawful to destroy, disturb or molest at any time, or set any trap within six feet of a muskrat house.

Unlawful to set or put out any muskrat traps, preceding the day of the open season.

GAME BIRDS.

Quail—Open season from October fifteen to November thirty, inclusive.

Unlawful to take more than ten in one day.

Unlawful to take more than fifty in one calendar year.

Unlawful to have in possession more than fifteen at one time.

Partridge and spruce hen—Open season from October fifteen to November thirty, inclusive.

Unlawful to take more than six in one day.

Unlawful to take more than fifty in one calendar year.

Unlawful to have in possession more than fifteen at one time.

NON-GAME BIRDS.

Unlawful to kill, capture or have in possession, excepting blackbirds, English sparrows, crows, Cooper's hawks, sharp-shinned hawks and great horned owls.

WATERFOWL.

Ducks, snipe, plover, woodcock, geese, brant, shore birds, rails and coots—Open season from October fifteen to December thirty-one, inclusive.

Blue-bill, canvasback, red head, goldeneye, pintail, whistler, spoonbill, butterball and sawbill—Ducks may also be hunted from March two to April ten, inclusive. Teal and Mallard ducks may be killed from September fifteen to December thirty-one, inclusive.

Unlawful to take in one day more than twenty-five ducks, geese and brant; six woodcock; ten plover; ten snipe and other shore birds.

Unlawful to take in one calendar year more than fifty plover, woodcock, or snipe and other shore birds.

Unlawful to use any floating device propelled by steam, gas, naphtha, oil, gasoline or electricity, or sail boat, or to use any swivel or punt gun, sink boat or similar device.

Unlawful to use gun of greater than ten gauge.

Unlawful to hunt from sunset to sunrise.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

Game—Shall not be shipped by express, freight or baggage, nor in any other manner, but shall be carried only as hand baggage.

Hunter's license—Unlawful for non-residents to hunt or kill protected game birds or animals, other than deer, without having procured license. License \$10; deer license \$25. Not applicable to persons hunting on their own land.

Sale of protected game—Unlawful to sell, at any time, any game animal or game bird protected by the laws of this state.

The Michelson Co. Sell Large Tract of Land.

Five land contracts of unusual importance have lately been recorded here by B. F. Scott.

By their terms the N. Michelson Lumber Co. agrees to convey about 15,000 acres of land to M. F. Woodruff Trustee, of Rockford, Ill. Much of the land is located in Norwich township, while a small part is in Enterprise township and in Roscommon county. The consideration is \$45,000 of which half has been paid down and the balance is to be paid in one, two and three years. The timber is reserved upon all the land, with the usual right to enter for the purpose of removing the same. It is believed that the Illinois people have purchased the tract for colonization purposes.—Muskogee Republican.

STERLING SILVER

We recently received
a new line of

Sterling Tea Spoons

You will be interested
I am sure in them, as
nearly everyone knows

Gorham Silver

As to prices we have
Tea Spoons put up in
a neat box at \$4.50
per set and up.

Souvenir Spoons

at 85c and up.

C. J. Hathaway
JEWELER & OPTOMETRIST
GRAYLING, MICH.

Public Opinions.

What is the matter with our officers? Though the Avalanche called attention some time since to the law regarding noxious weeds, I saw while coming to Grayling no less than three patches of Milk Weeds going to seed, one a few feet from the flooring mill, one on the county poor farm and one in the field south, while Russian Thistles are a common weed in the streets and along the side walks in Grayling.

UNCLE PERRY.

Last Grange Meeting.

At the last meeting it was decided to hold the annual farm exhibition Saturday, November 4, at G. A. R. hall. This exhibit will be open to anyone in the county.

Exhibits will not be confined to farm products alone but the product of any industry can be placed on exhibition or sale.

On that day dinner will be served at a normal price.

A committee was appointed to meet a conference committee from the C. O. P. A. with a view toward uniting their interests in their annual picnic and also to choose a more convenient place for holding the same. This will make one picnic instead of two and a more permanent and convenient location.

To the Public.

I wish to inform all that I am now ready to take orders for Nursery Stock for fall delivery, with information from the company to give the best of satisfaction from the largest house in the world, with 1200 acres under cultivation for nursery stock; to be delivered in October. All stock is warranted and satisfaction guaranteed. 24-4f

JOHN H. TOBIN.

Real Estate For Sale!

40 acres, all fenced. 8 acres cultivated. One mile from Village. \$600.00.

40 acres, Oak Land adjoining Grayling Park on Portage Lake. \$800.00.

Two finely situated building lots on Ogema St. \$250.00.

40 acres, good neighborhood, convenient to school and post office, about one third rich black muck, balance good land. A small creek of pure spring water through entire tract. Title perfect. \$200.

80 acres land, S W 1/4 of N E 1/4 and N W 1/4 of S E 1/4 of Section 3, near Grayling. Price very low. Good supply of stove wood on land.

O. PALMER.

The Avalanche

O. F. SOULMAN, Pub.
(GRATING, MICHIGAN)

Every time news gets dull. Hasty Green gets her fist in Robeson's.

There never was anything alarming about a alien whistle on an automobile.

One may become opulent now either by taking a pig or a patch of potato.

Connecticut has a big crop of peach this year—not wooden ones either.

Small boys used to hang around the circus. Now they hang around the hangars.

In the opinion of the copy reader, life is just one ding-dong-war-scare after another.

During the aviation meet the man with the large Adam's apple will be among those prominent.

A New York woman has an ankle that cost \$25,000. Something put by for a rainy day, we presume.

If there are any air records that need to be broken flying men are invited to go as far as they like.

A woman has been put in jail at Tuscorara, Pa., for putting a stone at a hen. She must have hit something else.

The new comet can be seen in the early morning hours, say about three o'clock. Few, however, hurry up to see it.

Chicago is now talking about a 101-story skyscraper. The proposed one in New York must be eclipsed in some way.

Pittsburgh has decided to quit dropping her "h." It is hoped England may not decide to regard this as an unfriendly act.

When a farmer drives into town with a load of potatoes he may be considered guilty of an unnecessary display of wealth.

Former Pittsburgh is now "Pittsburgh." The Pittsburghers have picked up the "t" that some careless person dropped years ago.

Many a man, after a week's vacation, is willing to testify that he passed ten days of the time buttoning up his wife's dress.

Scientists may be able to photograph the soul, but they would have a hard time trying to photograph the average citizen's bank roll.

A New Jersey man wants a divorce because his wife, aged 60, is a flirt. At 80 flirting ceases to be a disgrace; it becomes an accomplishment.

If all California plans were as delicate as the palate as they are delicate to the eye how rich the fruit dealers would speedily become!

A bishop tells us that to be good in Chicago is to be lonesome, but we have never met a Chicagoan who appeared to be particularly lonesome.

The police force of Evansville, Ind., had to arrest a swarm of bees the other day after the insects had settled upon a fence post. As has been previously said, the policeman's lot is not a happy one.

We have it on the word of a Kansas fisherman that a catfish will purr when its scales are stroked the right way. If the scales are stroked the wrong way we presume that it will hiss and screech.

Vacations have not lost their novelty despite the ridicule of peepers and grangers. We know of one man who sprained his arm in order to get one.

Doctors have discovered the human aura. When a patient dies the doctors will probably consider themselves justified in sending in a bill for the removal of the aura.

Aeroplane flights over cities must be discontinued, according to the edict of the aero club. It rules an aviator's dignity to be caught by the seat of his apparel on a church steeple.

Chicago is training its street conductors to be polite to the public by offering prizes. Consequently, citizens of that enterprising town can board cars without being ordered to step lively.

The men who intend to swim across the Atlantic ocean promise that they will start Feb. 13, 1913. It will have to be admitted that he is not superstitious, however faulty his judgment of the public's needs may be.

A Chicago taxicab driver who has made \$11,000 in a Los Angeles real estate deal has decided to cling to his job here. Evidently he is one of the people who have decided that \$11,000 can not be considered a fortune.

A man was arrested by a conductor the other day for drinking whiskey from a bottle on a train for southern Illinois. The drinker tried to escape by crawling through a car window but he was so fat that he could not get out. Fat people continue to labor under serious disadvantages.

A teacher in Georgia has an extraordinary memory has sold her brain to an institute of medical research for several thousand dollars. It would be the irony of fate if she should outlive the particular scientists who negotiated the purchase.

A French aviator sailed over Paris the other day in spite of the fact that the airman had issued orders prohibiting him from flying above the town. Luckily he was not a German aviator. If he had been the police would have killed him down.

PENNY POSTAGE NOT CALLED FOR

Resolutions Adopted Opposing Postmaster's Plan.

WOULD IMPROVE SERVICE

Free Delivery Shall Be Given to Residents of Small Villages and Cities as It Has Been to Rural Districts.

Lansing—Michigan postmasters are strongly opposed to Postmaster General Hitchcock's plan of penny postage for the United States, and are saying so, not only as individuals, but also as an organization, having adopted resolutions to that effect which have just been made public. Instead, these postmasters are demanding that the service shall be improved; and that free delivery shall be given to residents of the small villages and cities as it has been to rural districts.

Postmaster Seymour Foster, one of the members of the committee on resolutions, says that with one accord the postmasters assembled at the convention held at Charlevoix last week declared that there is a demand among the people of Michigan for penny postage for first-class matter.

Postmaster Homer Warren of Detroit also admitted that from the poorer people of the city to the concerns which sent out hundreds of letters a day there have come no requests for a reduction in the price of sending letters. In fact, some of these are now buying two cent stamps for their circulars in order to assure themselves that their catalogues and circulars will reach their destination unopened.

"We commend the postmaster general for having reduced the \$17,000,000 deficit," says Postmaster Foster. "He has brought about great economy without impairing the service, and made various publications pay their just proportion of transportation through the mails. But if the department has now reached the place where it is on a self-supporting or profit-bearing basis, the postmaster general should not reduce the postage on first-class mail, but instead, should that money for the improvement of the service."

"For instance, when inspectors have come to Lansing to look over the service here, we have asked for free city delivery for the folks living in Caldwell's addition, or for some of those living near the school for the blind."

Shoe Dealers Pledge \$60,000. The convention of the Michigan Retail Shoe Dealers came to a close at Detroit with the proposed mutual fire insurance company a reality. After Chairman George Brode, Fremont, had reported for the committee, it took but a short time for the approval of the plan by which the shoe men will take advantage of the state law permitting an organization of mutual insurance companies.

Temporary officers of the company were elected as follows: President, Albert Murray, Charlotte; directors, O. D. Allan, Detroit; John Wehr, Ann Arbor; Jacob Martin, Monroe; Charles Olson, Cadillac; John Mully, Kalamazoo; and George Brode, Fremont.

Over \$60,000 of the necessary \$100,000 stock has already been subscribed for, and the charter will be obtained as soon as the full amount is in. The company, which will be known as the Michigan Retail Shoe Dealers Mutual Fire Insurance company, will not begin active operation, however, until January 1, as it is necessary to report to the secretary of state December 31 of each year, and the company would hardly have time to get in working order by that time.

Charles C. Weber, Kalamazoo, was elected president of the association. Other officers elected were: Treasurer, Edward Stocker, Detroit; secretary, Fred G. Clark, Detroit; board of directors, William J. Dittman, Mt. Pleasant; chairman; William Gardner, Wyandotte; O. D. Allan, Detroit; L. A. Dudley, Battle Creek; and L. H. Hyde, Hartsville, presidents; Fred B. Elliott, Flint; Leo Gruener, Ann Arbor; R. L. Chase, Owosso; and Joseph Brosett, Bay City.

County Ought Be Good Roads Unit. Philip T. Colgrove, president of the Michigan State Good Roads association, gave the opening address of the annual convention to several hundred members who gathered in Representative hall.

"Just as long as we remain under the township system and continue the patch-work road business," he said, "we will continue to equander the people's money and accomplish little, if anything. If the time ever comes when we are to have permanent roads built by competent men in behalf of the whole people, the sooner we adopt the county system, the better."

State Undertakers in Meet. The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Michigan Funeral Directors and Embalmers' association opened at Saginaw. Following the address of welcome by Mayor G. W. Stewart, President W. G. Wismer of Charlotte gave his address in which he said that the association failed to secure a chair at Ann Arbor because of the lack of funds. He said that there had been violations in the state because licensed men would fill out certificates and leave them for unauthorized persons to execute.

Rate of Taxation Decreased. For maintaining the government of the commonwealth of Michigan for a year, Auditor General Fuller is spreading a tax of \$6,629,041.10 for 1911, as compared with \$4,729,000.07 for the year 1910. The rate of taxation under the new revised valuation will be \$2.25 per \$100, as compared with \$2.42 for 1910, but this decrease in rate is the result of the increase in the valuation and does not mean any decrease in the amount of taxes unless the valuation of your property has not been increased by the assessors.

LOCAL OPTION FIGHT IN 28 COUNTIES

DRYS TO FORCE SUBMISSION IN ELEVEN, WETS IN SEVENTEEN NEXT SPRING.

ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE FEELS CONFIDENT OF SIX COUNTIES.

The League Will Confine Most of Its Efforts to Annexing Dry Territory in Northwestern Part of the State.

Counties Where Wets Will Fight. Leelanau, Lake, Grand Traverse, Manistee, Wexford, Mason, Berrien.

Counties Where Drys Will Fight. Leelanau, Lake, Grand Traverse, Manistee, Wexford, Mason, Berrien.

Twenty-eight counties of Michigan are feeling the pressure of either the Michigan Anti-Saloon league or the Michigan Brewers' association in the effort to force them into the local option fight next spring. It is very probable that in all these counties the question will be submitted to the people for a vote.

Of the 28 counties 11 are wet and the drys are circulating petition for submission or re-submission of the question of saloons or no saloons. The remaining 17 are dry, and the brewers are organizing them for the campaign to throw them back into the wet column.

In all the counties the boards of supervisors will meet Oct. 9 and the petition for submission of the local option question, signed by one-third of the voters, must be in by that date to be acted upon.

This gives the workers about one month to obtain the number of signatures required by law to the petition, and with the return of the "wet" and "dry" leaders, the agitation of the voters in those counties, which are eligible to vote has begun.

ENDED IT ALL. Ex-Secretary of the State Fish Commission, Suicides.

George D. Mussel, ex-secretary of the Michigan Fish Commission, ended his life by shooting himself through the head in the office of the commission, Detroit. A note found in his office addressed to the coroner, gave incalculable sadness as the cause of the act. The note reads:

"No inquest is necessary. No use of my living, as I am becoming too deaf."

Friends of the aged man say that for months past he has waged a fight against a disease which was gradually impairing his hearing. He was a great lover of music and the opera, as well as an accomplished flute player, and his affliction killed him with despondency.

THE GLEANERS. Vote to Stay Away When Taft Visits Fair.

The Gleaners, a farmers' organization of Northville, at a special meeting, passed resolutions asking all farmers to abstain from voting at the fair when President Taft would be there that day.

The reason for the action is that the Gleaners regard Taft as responsible for the Canadian reciprocity pact, which they think the trade agreement with the American farmer, and they don't want to be at a state fair where he will speak.

The resolutions call upon all the Gleaners of the state "to do likewise."

Village of Chapin Destroyed. The village of Chapin, northwest of the city of Saginaw, was recently destroyed by a great fire, which burned about 200 buildings, valued at \$250,000. The fire was caused by a gas leak in a house, and the fire spread rapidly, burning all the buildings in the village.

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The officiating clergyman was Rev. Joseph Lambert, of the Elmwood Temple Congregational church of Providence, R. I. The bride was given away by her father, Wm. Force.

It had been reported that Rev. E. S. Wright, the carpenter-prince of Providence, would perform the ceremony, but for some reason his services were not accepted. The officiating clergyman is reported to have received a \$1,000 fee.

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HAS RELAPSE. Alarming Report That the Pope Is Again Seriously Ill.

There is great uneasiness in Vatican circles over the condition of the pope, his illness having suffered a relapse. So serious is his condition that Prof. Marchisiani has been asked to resume his daily visits.

While it is announced that the relapse is due to a recurrence of the gouty symptoms, it is so greatly exaggerated that it caused him to retire to bed for two or three weeks ago, it has been learned from an undoubted authority that in addition to the gout he is suffering from consequent uraemic poisoning.

Farmer Killed, Wife and Son Hurt. Benjamin Bletz, aged 55 years, a well-known farmer of Hickory Corners, was killed when his horse ran away. His wife and 13-year-old son, who was badly injured, were driving with his family from his farm to Midland park with butter for a resort hotel. His horse became frightened and he pulled up on the lines. When he did so one line broke and the horse ran away. Dashing down the road at a terrific pace, the horse suddenly turned from the road, and ran into a tree before the three in the buggy could jump. Bletz was hurled head first against the tree. His skull was fractured and he died soon after the accident. Mrs. Bletz hit the tree also; the left side of her face being crushed in. She has also suffered internal injuries. The boy was thrown from the buggy, but it is not believed that he has other injuries.

Ohio Official Gets Three Years. Rodney J. Diegle, assistant sergeant-at-arms of the Ohio state senate, convicted of aiding and abetting the alleged bribery of State Senator L. B. Andrews, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Diegle had hoped to get off by laying bare the crookedness in the legislature, but the prosecuting attorney declared he did not tell all he knew. Diegle's sentence was suspended until September 18, to allow the case to be carried to the circuit court.

Canada Rejects Fisheries Treaty. Canada has decided not to accept the changes proposed by the United States in the international fisheries treaty of 1908, and the work of years of negotiations is to be rendered ineffective. The official announcement of the Canadian government's position will be made in a few days.

Joseph G. Cannon, erstwhile speaker of the house of representatives, will run for congress again in 1912. This was announced by men who are in his confidence. It was further declared that the former speaker will try to regain the gavel should the house go Republican.

Pope Plus has ratified the decision of the consistorial congregation appointing the Rt. Rev. Joseph M. Kozdelka, of Cleveland, auxiliary bishop of Milwaukee. The appointment of the Rt. Rev. Mgr. J. M. Laval, of New Orleans, as auxiliary bishop of New Orleans, also was ratified. Mgr. Laval is created titular bishop of Hierocessaria.

The National Prohibitionist, a weekly publication in the interests of the prohibition party, has suspended publication. The suspension is the result of factional strife within the party during the past year.

A dispatch from Chihuahua, Tex., to which U. S. Senator Bailey returned from Washington, quotes him as saying that he will not be a candidate for re-election next year, and that this decision is irrevocable. Bailey resigned in a huff a few months ago, but withdrew his resignation later. His term expires March 3, 1913.

Plans for the erection of a wireless station of communication between Europe and America to keep in constant and direct communication with land, have been formulated by inventor Marconi, who has been conducting experiments in St. John's, N.

MICHIGAN BREVITIES

Saginaw. The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Michigan Funeral Directors and Embalmers' association opened here at the Auditorium. Following the address of welcome by Mayor G. W. Stewart, President W. G. Wismer of Charlotte, gave his address in which he said that the association failed to secure a chair at Ann Arbor because of the lack of funds. He said that there had been violations in the state because licensed men would fill out certificates and leave them for unauthorized persons to execute. The means of enforcement, he said, are decidedly deficient. The authorities say offenders must be cited for some special case, while in other instances, the prosecuting attorneys failed to carry out their duties.

Saginaw. With the opening of the high school on the East side, each member of a fraternity was served with a copy of the legislative act which prohibits all secret organizations in public school. The officers of the three fraternities of Saginaw were called into Principal Warner's office and informed that they would be allowed to enroll in their classes provided that they would renounce all connection with their society. They were given two weeks' time in which to consider.

Kalamazoo. Once a wealthy member of Kalamazoo society, but now feeble and broken in health, Mrs. Jane C. Pownelson, eighty years old, applied to Sheriff A. L. Campbell for restitution of her wrongs, alleging that a married daughter had taken her last bit of property remaining to her from the wreck of her once extensive holdings. The sheriff provided her with means of temporary sustenance and will take up her case with County Poor Commissioner Bryant.

Grand Rapids. The first day of the state sessions of the Knights of Pythias grand lodge proved a dismal disappointment because the drill teams of the cities of the eastern part of the state did not participate in the competitive contests. For some reason they were placed so far down the program that to compete meant losing their trains. They refused to do this and left the drill field. Included among the number were Detroit, Owosso, Lansing, Flint, Jackson and others.

Ann Arbor. Mary Collins Whiting of this city has just received word from Charles Irvin, a missionary in Korea, where Mrs. Whiting has established a mission, that a copper plate, 18 by 20 inches, has been placed on a tower in Korea, bearing her name and title, and an inscription telling what she had given and done for the mission, and also that she has presented the church with the bell within the tower.

Corunna. Discouraged because, as she says, her husband deserted her two years ago, leaving her and her young child objects of charity, Mrs. Edith Langtry of Bancroft, about forty years old, attempted suicide at the county poor house by cutting several deep gashes in her leg with a case knife. She was found on her bed bleeding and unconscious from loss of blood, but it is believed her life can be saved.

Charlotte. In circuit court the following persons were arraigned, all pleading guilty as charged: Will Ham-B-Lonsberry, the Windsor town ship farmer, who confessed to the murder of his wife January 1, 1905; Charles Clark, charged with burglary at Bellevue; Hugh Goodnoe and Mary Vivian, charged with a statutory crime, and Frank Vivian, charged with bigamy.

Monroe. Believed to have been stricken with apoplexy, Peter Venter, watchman of the Marsh club, reserve at Brandes island, and well-known duck hunter, fell out of his boat while rowing in the cut in the River Raisin and was drowned. A fisherman found his empty boat with Venter's hat in it. The body was found erect in six feet of water.

Battle Creek. Because two veteran trustees, Dr. Eugene Miller and Brainerd T. Shigner, were ousted from the board of education at the annual election in favor of two young men, Dr. H. W. Harvey and Attorney L. F. Stewart, the remainder of the board, with one exception, declared they will not run for re-election when their terms end.

Saginaw. The delegates to the convention of the Michigan Funeral Directors and Embalmers' association enjoyed a banquet and grand ball at the Teutonia. Prof. H. S. Eklies of Philadelphia gave two addresses.

Benton Harbor. His willingness to oblige others cost Charles Lassfolk of this city his life. Lassfolk was engineer of Pere Marquette train No. 13, north bound, which was wrecked near Hartford, he being the only one killed, though his fireman, James Slater, of St. Joseph, was severely scalded and several passengers were slightly injured. Another engineer of the line asked for the day off. Lassfolk consented to take the run. The train had been gone less than an hour from here when the accident occurred.

Rockwood. William J. Keegan, a Detroit contractor who is building a church here, saved the lives of two young children of John Van Riter, a well-known farmer two miles west of here, when he stopped a runaway horse just before it reached the railroad crossing.

Cheboygan. The body of Julius Stitts of Waters was found in the river here. His pockets were bulging with money. He leaves no relatives as far as can be learned here.

ADVICE FOR CANNING TIME

Getting Ready in the Most Important Thing—Best of Fruits Should Be Used.

In the operation of canning and preserving, as in almost every other function of housekeeping, the "getting ready" is the most important thing and begins far in advance of the actual canning day. Some notes made last season will give knowledge as to when fruits and vegetables are to be expected, so that time and provision may be made for them. As the various cans and glasses have been emptied, if they have been washed and dryers carefully fluted before putting away, much annoyance and expense will be spared. If the appetites of the family have been observed it will not be advisable to put up much of the unpopular varieties.

Kettles—which have never been used for any other purpose than preserving—spoons, forks, knives, skimmers, dippers, funnels, jelly bags, fruit press, strainers, scales, measures are all necessary implements (others will be individually required) and should be in a state of perfect order and cleanliness. Have enough suitable jars, cans, glasses, or covers, with rubbers, tops and covers at hand; plenty of paraffin, labels, cloths for wiping and handling utensils, and the factors of the preserving season will not plunge you into nervous prostration.

Procure the best fruits and vegetables each at the crest of its season. Prices are lowest then and there is less waste. Overripe fruits never make good preserves or jellies.

A wise cook never tries a strange recipe if she has one which she has tested and found satisfactory. Tastes differ and an untold recipe may prove disastrous.

Use granulated sugar for all preserves, jellies and jams; light brown sugar for spiced fruits.

Heat the sugar for jellies in the oven before adding to the fruit juice. Do not cover while cooking unless you want trouble.

Have receptacles standing in hot water when the hot mixtures are put into them.

Seal perfectly. Leave standing where you can observe them for a few days.

KITCHEN GRATER IS ROTARY. Implement Has Wheel That Revolves While Nuts or Onions Is Held Against It.

As it is usually women who manipulate graters it was only right that it should be one of that sex in Ohio who designed the rotary utensil of this type reproduced herewith. The old-fashioned method of grating nutmeg, onion or whatever it might be, was to rub the article up and down on a rough surface. This implement works differently. A wheel with a grating surface is mounted on upright, which is clamped to the edge of the kitchen table. A holder is hinged to the center of the wheel and in it is placed the article to be grated. The wheel is turned with the object pressed close against it, and grating process accomplished very expeditiously. When enough has been grated off, the holder can be lifted and its contents allowed to drop into the dish below. When the article has been reduced to a size where the fingers are likely to be cut in pressing it against the wheel, some other object may be placed between.

Apples and Red Jelly. Take six good-sized apples and core them. Put two cloves into each apple and as much granulated sugar as will hold. Place them in a baking pan, without touching, and add a cup of water, or more, as you think fit. Look at them often and try to keep them whole. When done, take out carefully and place in a bowl. Strain the sirup they were cooked in and put in another saucepan, with a little gelatin (dissolved) and a few drops of red coloring. Boil till quite clear and then put around apple. Set away to cool till supper time.

Stuffing for All Kinds of Meats. Three cups bread from inside of stale loaf; break into small pieces; three tablespoons lard, three tablespoons butter, half cup stewed celery, one cup stewed onions, one tablespoon celery salt, one teaspoon salt, quarter teaspoon pepper. Add lard and butter to onions and celery when the water is very low; then cook until water is all evaporated; put pepper, salt and celery salt on bread crumbs and mix with other ingredients. Put in without packing it.

Melon in Winter. A genuine discovery was made at our house when we went down cellar a few days before Christmas to select a pumpkin for a pie, writes a Massachusetts contributor to Good Housekeeping. Among the pumpkins was a watermelon in prime condition, which became a part of our Yuletide feast. It was in a cool and dry cellar that this phenomenon occurred.

Corn Coffee. Roast an ear of dry corn until the tips of the kernels are black. Break the ear into pieces; put it into a bowl and pour over it a pint of boiling water. Set aside until cold and drink food.

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Crawford Avalanche.

D. P. Schumann, Editor and Proprietor.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months......75
Three Months......40

Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Grayling, Mich., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY SEPT. 14

Real Estate Transfers.

Nellie Enstice to E. D. Seeley, W 1/2 of W 1/2, sec. 34-25-4, \$1.00 etc.

United States to W. Hickey SE 1/4 of SE 1/4, sec. 20-25-4, Patent.

Wilson Hickey to Geo. Hickey, S 1/2 of SE 1/4, sec. 20-25-4, wty deed \$300.

Wilson Hickey to Libby Hickey, SE 1/4 of SW 1/4, sec. 25-25-4, wty deed, \$300.

Otto Stephan to C. E. Taylor, W 1/2 of SE 1/4 and S 1/2 of SE 1/4, sec. 20-27-2, wty deed, \$1 etc.

R. M. VanBibber and wife to E. D. and C. Weinland, N 1/2 of SW 1/4, sec. 28-26-3, wty deed, \$1 and exchange.

Ira H. Richardson, deceased, by F. H. Richardson, administrator, to Donald D. Pattie, 520 acres, wty deed, \$2440.

As usually treated, a sprained ankle will disable a man for three or four weeks, but by applying Chamberlain's Liniment freely as soon as the injury is received, and observing the directions with each bottle, a cure can be effected in from two to four days. For sale by all dealers.

Correspondence

At Sable Valley Breezes.

Everybody is busy fixing up for winter.

Ye correspondent did pay City a automobile last week.

David Knecht will soon have his new house completed.

P. Mosher is closing up Camp Wa Wa Sum for the season.

We have seen some fine apples grown on Henry Feldhauser's farm.

Miss Marion Forbush is teaching the Stepan's school, the children all like her very much.

The trout are having it all their own way. They need an eight months' rest from artificial flies.

Mrs. Arthur Wakely and Emma Feldhauser returned Saturday from a week's visit at West Branch.

The water power dam fourteen miles above Anable is a fine piece of work. The water from the river is made to do the work of building the dam. It is forced through a large pipe by high pressure to which is connected three small hose with many men to operate them. The water from the nozzle has a pressure of 120 pounds per square inch. They are mounted on pivots and swing back and forth, cutting the bank down faster than men with shovels or team with scraper could, and at probably much less cost, then the dirt is washed down by the water as it returns to the stream. When the dam is closed it will form a lake seven miles long. They are breaking ground for the second dam at the fine channel in the rapids.

D. R. M.

Diarrhoea is always more or less prevalent during September. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effectual. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by all dealers.

Lovells Locals.

C. W. Miller and mother have gone to Grayling for the winter.

Florence McCormick has arrived from Detroit to attend school here.

School opened last week Tuesday, with Mr. Arthur Arnold as teacher.

Mr. Wilson has arrived from DeWard at C. W. Ward's residence here.

Feldhauser Bros. threshing machine has been in the vicinity for the past week.

Since Peter LaRue and family moved to Grayling, the boarding house has remained closed.

T. E. Douglas and family spent Sunday afternoon in Grayling with Mrs. Joseph Douglas.

Mr. Kale disposed of his flock of 800 sheep and returned to his home in East Jordan on Monday last.

Mary Finnegan has returned to her home near Johannesburg, accompanied to her home by Mrs. J. J. Kennedy.

Chas. Lee and son Clyde, arrived home a few days ago from Saint Ste. Marie, where they have been employed during the summer months.

Tommy.

A Dreadful Sight

To H. J. Barnum, Freeville, N. Y. was the fever-sore that had plagued his life for years in spite of many remedies he tried. At last he used Buckle's Arnica Salve and wrote: "It entirely cured me. I was cured of a lung trouble." Heals Burns, Blisters, Eczema, Cuts, Bruises, Swellings, Corns and Piles like magic. Only 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

Beaver Creek Breezes.

Mr. John Hanna, accompanied by his grand-daughter, Miss Frieda

Camp, has gone to Traverse City to visit his son.

Theodore O'Dell who has been south on a trip, has just returned, and expresses his opinion that Beaver Creek is good enough for him.

The dance at the town hall was well attended and one of the pleasantest of the season, several parties came from Grayling and Cheney.

Mrs. William Cook came up from Flint to spend a few days with his mother and accompany his wife and little son, who have been here for several weeks, back to their home.

For bowel complaints in children always give Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and castor oil. It is certain to effect a cure and when reduced with water and sweetened is pleasant to take. No physician can prescribe a better remedy. For sale by all dealers.

KEEP YOUR SKIN COMFORTABLE AND YOUR COMPLEXION CLEAR DURING THE HOT WEATHER.

If your skin is kept comfortable, you will be comfortable yourself. If you or one of your children are being much irritated by itches, pimples, heat, rashes or eczema or if you are worried by pimples, black heads, sun burn or skin trouble of any kind, we want you to try ZEMO and ZEMO Soap.

We are so anxious to have you use ZEMO and ZEMO Soap that we offer you a generous sample of each and our 32 page booklet "How to Preserve the Skin" if you will send five 2c stamps to E. W. Rose Medicine Company, 3032 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo. to pay postage or get them today from the A. M. Lewis & Co. Drug Store who indorse and recommend ZEMO and ZEMO Soap for all skin troubles whether it be on infant or grown person.

We know you will be pleased with results from the use of ZEMO and ZEMO Soap. A. M. Lewis & Co. Drug Store.

WANT AD COLUMN

WANTED—Oldish man to do chores for the winter at Forest View farm, Nemesis Nielsen.

WANTED—Young man for general farm work. Good pay and steady work. Forest View farm, Nemesis Nielsen.

FOR SALE—Two horses, very cheap. Forest View farm, Nemesis Nielsen.

WANTED—Everybody to attend the candy sale at Simpson's Saturday afternoon.

LOST—In this village last week Tuesday, a plain locket engraved with name on one side, and place for set on reverse. Finder will please to return to this office.

WANTED—Good Housekeeping Magazine requires the services of a representative in Grayling to look after subscription renewals and to extend circulation. Previous successful experience desirable, but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address, with references, J. F. Fairbanks, Good Housekeeping Magazine, 381 Fourth Ave., New York City.

WANTED—The McCormick Nursery Co., Monroe, Michigan, want a salesman in this section. Free outfit. Salary weekly, experience unnecessary. We advise any reliable party wanting employment in this section to write to the McCormick Nursery Co., October, Purple Plum, Blue Rambler Rose and the best European importations. If you want trees or shrubbery send for their "Tree Talk" and new illustrated catalog. Mention this paper. sep7-sw

"I have a world of confidence in Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for I have used it with perfect success," writes Mrs. M. I. Basford, Poolesville, Md. For sale by all dealers.

Not A Word of Scandal

marred the call of a neighbor on Mrs. W. E. Spangh, of Manistee, N. Y., who said: "She told me Dr. King's New Life Pills had cured her of obstinate kidney trouble, and made her feel like a new woman." Easy, but sure remedy for stomach, liver and kidney troubles. Only 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

Digestion and Assimilation.

It is not the quantity of food taken but the amount digested and assimilated that gives strength and vitality to the system. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets invigorate the stomach and liver and enable them to perform their functions naturally. For sale by all dealers.

Can't All Do It

One of the leading singers of grand opera makes her own hats. What is more to the purpose, she wears them.

Yet this does not argue that all women should make their own hats. The man who rates as a multi-millionaire can dress as shabbily as he likes.

A prima donna with a salary of \$1,000 per night can wear any old hat she prefers.

Eccentricity backed by money becomes an admitted virtue.

Moral: Make your fortune before you do your hat.

Forced To Leave Home

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs, are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. There is a better way. Let Dr. King's New Discovery cure you at home. "It cured me of lung trouble," writes W. R. Nelson of Calamine, Ark., "when all else failed and I gained 47 pounds in weight. It's surely the king of all cough and lung cures. Thousands owe their lives and health to it. It is positively guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, La Grippe, Asthma, Croup—all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at A. M. Lewis & Co.



Sunday Excursion

via
Michigan Central

Sunday, Sept. 17, 1911.
(Returning same day)

TO
DETROIT \$2.25
Train leaves 1:00 a. m.

BAY CITY \$1.40
SAGINAW \$1.60

Train leaves 7:00 a. m.

Indian River 90c

Topinabee 95c

Cheboygan \$1.15

Mackinaw City \$1.35

Train leaves 7:00 a. m.

Tickets accepted in coaches only. Baggage will not be checked on these tickets.

No. 242—sept14-1v

To
DETROIT

For The
Michigan State Fair

Tickets on Sale September 18 to 23
Inclusive; returning until Sept. 28

For Particulars Consult Agents.
No. 241—sept14-1v

No Need To Stop Work.

"When your doctor orders you to stop work, it staggers you. 'I can't,' you say. You know you are weak, run-down and failing in health, day by day, but you must work as long as you can stand. What you need is Electric Bitters to give tone, strength, and vigor to your system, to prevent break-down and build you up. Don't be weak, sickly or ailing when Electric Bitters will benefit you from the first dose. Thousands bless them for their glorious health and strength. Try them. Every bottle is guaranteed to satisfy. Only 50c at A. M. Lewis & Co.

Avalanche Time Table.

M. C. R. R.

This is not an Ad., nor guaranteed correct. It is given for the benefit of our readers, and will be kept corrected if possible, by the courtesy of the Local Agent.

GOING NORTH. Leave Grayling. GOING SOUTH. Leave Grayling.

No. 91... 6:05 a.m. No. 156... 6:10 a.m.

No. 157... 1:50 p.m. No. 202... 4:00 a.m.

No. 201... 4:45 p.m. No. 206... 2:25 p.m.

No. 207... 4:20 p.m. No. 208... 2:00 p.m.

No. 97... 7:00 a.m.

Manistee & N. E. R. R.

Time Card

In effect June, 1911.

Read Down. Read Up.

10:00 12:25 Lv Grayling ar 1:30 8:55

10:09 12:34 Lv Resort ar 11:21 18:46

10:40 3:03 " Sigma " 12:52 8:13

11:15 3:32 " Rowley " 12:17 7:38

11:40 3:55 " Walton " 11:50 7:10

12:58 4:28 " Buckley " 10:48 6:26

1:23 4:44 " Gary " 10:24 6:02

1:09 " Kaleva " 9:40 5:31

2:19 " Chief lake " 9:30 5:20

2:25 " Norwalk " 9:24 5:14

2:55 6:12 ar Manistee " 9:00 4:15

A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

8:00 4:25 Lv Manistee ar 12:05 5:51

8:30 5:10 " Kaleva " 11:35 5:21

9:08 5:38 " Conestoga " 11:00 4:50

9:14 5:35 " Neenas Cy " 10:49 4:41

9:48 6:04 " Platte Rvr " 10:17 4:13

9:56 6:09 " Lake Ann " 10:11 4:08

10:11 6:25 " Solon " 9:53 3:49

10:17 6:31 " Fouch " 9:47 3:41

10:30 6:45 ar Traverse " 9:35 3:25

A. M. P. M. P. M. P. M.

8:00 4:25 Lv Manistee ar 12:05 5:51

8:30 5:10 " Kaleva " 11:35 5:21

9:08 5:38 " Conestoga " 11:00 4:50

9:14 5:35 " Neenas Cy " 10:49 4:41

9:48 6:04 " Platte Rvr " 10:17 4:13

9:56 6:09 " Lake Ann " 10:11 4:08

Great Clean-up Sale

Men's 50c, 75c, \$1.00 & \$1.50
Shirts for 19 cents.

Men's, Ladies', Boys' and
Childrens Shoes 49c to
\$1.00.

Your only chance while they last!

A. KRAUS & SON.

LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

Listen!

Would you like to
win a nice China
Dinner Set?

Well then, here it is!

Oh, but dear me, I can't tell you here, but
just step in some day and we will tell you
all about it.

Man, don't say: "Oh, I never won anything," for if you are the unluckiest cuss
that ever lived you can't help but win something at

SIMPSON'S

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias dated August 9th, A. D. 1911, issued out of the Circuit court for the county of Crawford, State of Michigan, in favor of Buffalo Fertilizer Company, a corporation, against the goods, chattels and real estate of William A. Montgomery, said county being directed and delivered, I did, on the ninth day of August instant, levy upon and take all the right title and interest owned and possessed by said William A. Montgomery on the sixteenth day of April, A. D. 1909 in and to the following described real estate, that is to say: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated and being in the county of Crawford and state of Michigan and known and described as the north-half of the south-half of the northwest-quarter of section eleven; the north-east quarter of the north-west-quarter of section fifteen; the south-half of the north-half of the northeast-quarter of section fifteen and the northeast-quarter of section twenty-two, except the north-sixty-acres, all in township

twenty-five, north of range four west, all of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder—at the front door of the Court house, in Grayling village in said county on the thirtieth day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Dated this tenth day of August, A. D. 1911.
HOMER G. BENEDICT, Sheriff.
Geo. L. ALEXANDER, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Business address, Grayling, Mich. aug10-6w

Probate Notice

STATE OF MICHIGAN
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford

In the matter of the estate of William Henry Bent, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that four months from the 29th day of August, A. D. 1911, have been allowed for creditors to present their claims against said deceased to said court for examination and adjustment, and that all

1878. 1911. The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS

SHOES, HARDWARE

FLOUR, FEED

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

and distribution of the residue of the said estate.

It is ordered, that the 3d day of October A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account and hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the CRAWFORD AVALANCHE a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

WILLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

[A true copy.] WILLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Tax Payers.
The Tax Roll of 1911 for the Village of Grayling is in my hands for collection. Taxes received any day at the Bank during banking hours.

HOLGER HANSON, Treas.

FOURTH BUT FIRST... Fourth in point of Time... First in Importance.

Saginaw's Fourth Annual Industrial Exposition and First Land Show

EXHIBITION OF MANUFACTURERS—Processes—Products—Materials
DISPLAY OF SOIL PRODUCTS—Pests—Cultures—Methods—Lectures by Authorities
A symphony of Motion—A Revelation in Variety. A Harmony of Light—Color—Action

THE GREAT FEATURE
NAVASSAR LADIES' BAND—Greatest in the World—The Soul of Music—Forty beautiful Ladies—Every one an Artist.

VENETIAN NIGHT, - WATER CARNIVAL, - PARADES, CONCERTS, - FIREWORKS.

AUTO TRIPS - BIG TOWN JOYS.

Saginaw, September 22 to 30 -- September 22 to 30, Saginaw

Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, SEPT. 14

Local and Neighborhood News.

Duck season opens tomorrow.

Geo. Mahon writes fire insurance.

Rev. J. H. Fleming is attending the Presbytery in Saginaw this week.

Mrs. H. J. Goslow, of Gaylord, is visiting her mother, Mrs. F. O. Peck and family.

The announcement in R. Brink's ad this week will please the younger people also.

Geo. Mahon has the Underhill residence and property, at Lovells, for sale. A rare opportunity.

Mrs. Jens Jorgenson returned last week from Denmark, where she has been spending the summer.

Anna and Joseph Riess, of Ludington, spent a few days of last week visiting their brother, Rev. J. J. Riess.

Married at St. Mary's church, Saturday, September ninth, Michael Zar and Josephine Horvath. Rev. John J. Riess officiating.

Paul W. Ivey, who has been visiting his parents here for two weeks, left Monday for Appleton, Wis. where he is a senior in Lawrence college.

Salling-Hanson Company are ready to book your order for coal for the coming winter. Order now to insure prompt delivery.

Our band furnished music at Bay County fair two days last week and report that they received most courteous treatment and had a good time.

If anyone wishes to donate papers or magazines to the Ladies Aid, and will notify the president, Mrs. Schreck, phone 343, they will be collected.

The ladies of the M. E. church will hold their annual sale earlier this year than usual, and will have a good selection of useful and fancy articles suitable for the season.

To Mr. and Mrs. Albert J. Vallad, September third was born an eight pound piano player. Mother is doing nicely. Father and mother are very proud of their prize.

Theodore O'Dell, who lives at Beaver Creek, last week was at Jackson and purchased a fine pair of driving horses. He made the trip from there to his home in three days.

Earl Harrington of Leadville, Colorado, is a welcome guest of his uncle, J. S. Harrington, for a few days, before entering on his first year's work in the U. of M.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Kraus expect to leave today for Elkhorn, Wisconsin for a week's visit with their son, B. B. Kraus, who is engaged in the hardware business at that place.

Rev. H. J. Richter, bishop of Grand Rapids, Mich., was a visitor at Father Riess' for a few days last week. He also called on Father O'Brien, who is seriously ill at Mercy Hospital.

The Michigan State fair will be on all next week. See a list of few of the attractions in the ad on front page of this paper. The Michigan Central will run special excursions and one can remain all week if they want to.

Fred Handley, one of the youths who were killed by a Big Four flyer at Blyria, Ohio last week Sunday, was a cousin of J. J. Collen. Together with two companions they were standing on the track at the depot when the flyer struck them. All three were killed instantly.

Probably the champion potatoe raiser of Michigan is Theodore M. O'Dell, living at Beaver Creek. He has seven acres that will probably yield five or six hundred bushels. He brought in a few samples of the Empire State variety and fifteen potatoes would about fill a peck measure.

Those of us who have never seen a president of the United States might find some satisfaction in going down to the train at four o'clock Tuesday morning and see the presidents special car go through the city. If he had only agreed to stick his head out Grayling would certainly furnish the enthusiastic crowd to greet him.

The work of putting down new cement sidewalks is progressing rapidly. Perhaps the most conspicuous improvement that this work has brought about are the new walks from the company's office to their hardware store on main street and the walks running to Grayling Mercy hospital and throughout the yards.

The fifty-sixth session of the Detroit Annual conference will convene at the M. E. church, Garlaw street, Flint, September twentieth. Bishop Anderson presiding. The Lay Electoral conference will also meet Friday, September twenty-second, to elect delegates to the General conference to be held in Minneapolis, Minn. May, 1912.

The ball game between Grayling and Fredericks last Sunday, was interesting from beginning to end. Pretty good playing was done on both sides. Only a few errors were made. W. Laurent pitched for Grayling, allowing four hits and striking out about fifteen men. The game ended in a score of 10 to 4 in favor of our boys.

Notice to the Public.

Hereafter both drug stores in Grayling will close promptly at one o'clock on Sunday. Please supply your wants early.

Dr. Corvalla, of Roscommon, was in our city last Monday.

The Junior class will sell candy Saturday at Simons.

See Geo. Mahon, he has about 1000 acres real estate for sale.

County Treasurer John F. Hum was in Maudslayi on business, Monday and Tuesday.

A grand reunion of soldiers and sailors will be held at Mesick, Mich., Sept. 18 to 21 inclusive.

New and second hand cutters for sale at Langevin's barn. Either single or double style.

The Kellogg forest fire case has been appealed and very likely will be brought up at the October term of circuit court.

The case of Luther Howell, who is under arrest for fishing with illegal bait is expected to come up for trial today before Justice Mahon.

Gentlemen: Have your clothes made by a competent tailor. When you are ready for a new suit, see A. E. Hendrickson, over Collins' restaurant, 6th.

A fine large window has been placed in the building occupied by Miss L. M. Stas as a millinery store. It greatly improves the place and makes a much better place for store display.

The most successful fair in the history of the society was held at Bay City last week. It had a record breaking attendance and gave its visitors good races and a good show throughout.

Fathers Nye, of Cheboygan; Kroboth, of East Jordan; Theis, of West Branch; Flannigan, of Big Rapids and Drew, of Grand Rapids, were callers at St. Mary's parsonage, and also visited Rev. O'Brien at the hospital.

Did you send any orders out of the city during the past week for anything you can get here? Did you? Also we will compare our job printing with anybody's. We don't hesitate to say that we know our business in this line.

Father Riess left last Monday for Cheboygan and Afton to assist Father Webeier and Nye with the ceremonies of the Forty Hours' Adoration and the Erection of the Stations of the Cross. He will preach the sermons at both these occasions.

Somebody (it looks like a lady's writing) has contributed the following: "Grayling, without question, has more beautiful young ladies than any town of its size in the state. A fine field for respectable men who want a good wife. Come and investigate."

Don't forget a trip to the Green house. They have 50 fine carnation plants in pots, ready to bloom at 25c each; 40 fine crysanthemums at 30c each; carnations at 50c per doz. and other fine cut flowers, at low prices and all kinds of vegetables.

J. H. Wingard will go to Grand Rapids next week to attend the Eastman school for professional photographers, so his studio will be closed all next week. Mr. Wingard is a hustler and always on the alert for new ideas. He expects to be greatly benefited by this course, which, naturally, will be passed on to his patrons.

H. Schreiber Jr., of South Branch, brought in a sample of peaches that he thought were pretty fine and it didn't need an expert to know that he was right. They averaged from eight to nine inches in circumference. Crawford county certainly produces fine fruit and unlike those from other sections, we are not troubled with wormy fruit.

Tickets for the coming entertainment course at the opera house, this coming winter, will be on sale this week. Ladies will canvass the town, so please be ready to buy your tickets and have them reserved at A. M. Lewis & Co.'s drug store. Think of it—five good entertainments and lecture for \$1.50. No extra charge for reserved seats.

Photographer J. H. Wingard has just installed a new camera outfit which is called the Century Universal Studio outfit. The apparatus cost nearly \$150.00, and is about the handiest contrivance that any studio can have. It can be instantly set to any angle and adjusted to a very fine focus. It makes a fine addition to his studio and gives Grayling a gallery better than any other town north of Saginaw.

Part of a freight train, on the Michigan Central railroad, was derailed last week, Thursday morning, near Hanson's siding which caused passenger train number 207 to be held up here for about six hours. Ten cars near the middle of the train left the tracks and tore up about 250 railroad ties and did other damage. No one was injured but it caused the section hands to get out rather early to assist in putting the cars back onto the rails.

A number of our citizens returned last week from a three months' pleasure trip abroad. Mr. and Mrs. John K. Hanson, Mrs. Jorgenson and daughter Minnie, and Mrs. C. Schow spent most of their time seeing the sights and visiting friends in Denmark, while Mr. and Mrs. R. Hutton divided their time between Denmark and Germany. All had a pleasant and satisfactory trip and enjoyed perfect health except, perhaps, about four days of their return ocean voyage. It is said that out of a party of eleven, who took their meals at one table, for about four days R. and John K. Hanson were the only ones who had to tip the waiters in order to get enough to eat. The others were at the mercy of a rough sea.

Usual services in both Methodist and Presbyterian churches next week.

Mike Zar and Josephine Harwell were married in our city, Saturday, by Rev. Fr. Riess.

Miss Mabel Brasie, clerk for A. Kraus & Son, is spending a week's vacation with friends at North Branch, Lapeer county.

Edgusier Bros. of Maple Forest township are moving their portable saw mill to AhSable, where they have a contract to cut a million feet of lumber for Geo. A. Loud & Son.

The family of E. E. Hartwick of Detroit, have been spending several weeks at the Michelson home. Mr. Hartwick came last Saturday and expects to return with his family some time this week.

The friends of Miss Agnes Havena will be glad to know that she has sufficiently recovered from her painful operation at the Mercy Hospital to be able to be at home again. She is getting along nicely.

Music for the coming Citizens' band minstrel show has been ordered and as soon as it arrives the boys expect to begin practice. Date for the performance has not yet been decided upon, but will probably be some time next November.

A few people have stopped taking ice, but let us remind our citizens that a number of hot days are still due us, and that the danger from improperly cooled foods and milk is very great, especially where there are children in the home.

Fifty buildings are completed in Au Sable and Oscoda and only twenty fire sufferers are living in army tents. It is expected that there will be a big boom in the spring. At present there is work for all, but the winter will probably be a hard one for the homeless.

Dr. O. Palmer was in West Branch on legal business Monday and reports one of the most terrific electrical storms he ever witnessed. Thunder and lightning and heavy rain reigned supreme. The streets were a perfect flood; the electric lights were out, phones out of order, and it is feared that considerable damage was done by lightning.

Postmaster M. A. Bates and wife went to Stirling Monday, where they joined Postmaster J. Ames and wife of that place, and together they drove by automobile to Detroit and other places in southern Michigan. They attended the postmaster's convention in session at Detroit this week and are expected home tomorrow.

E. G. Walton is having installed into his home at the corner of Elm street and Michigan avenue, a hot water heating system. Several outside contracting parties were figuring on the plan but Mr. Walton decided that our local plumber, Frank Deckro, could do the work as well as any of them and that he is getting as good as he can get for the money.

Leitz Bros., who came here from Au Sable to start a tailoring shop were among the fire sufferers at that place, during the late forest fires that wiped out the entire city. While they were assisting others to save their property from the flames their store and entire contents besides, losing them with only the clothes they wore, and two pairs of hands with which to begin life's battle over again. We trust that they will fare better here.

It is reported that Robert Voy, of Roscommon county might need a little watching so game warden Babbitt slipped around and found occasion to arrest him last Sunday morning for fishing with set lines. His case was to come up yesterday at Roscommon. Mr. Voy is a man with a family, and it is regretted that he should have to be placed under arrest, but Mr. Babbitt had to do his duty, besides our fish and game need protection so why not be fair about these things and obey the law? Then we won't be bringing disgrace upon our family and expense to us.

Achille Demar, who claims to come from Alpena, was intercepted at Lovell's last week and brought to our county jail. Drs. Inley and Keyport were appointed a committee to examine him and found him to be insane. Sheriff Benedict conducted him, Tuesday, to the asylum at Traverse City. It reported that when at Lovell's he removed several of the railway switch lights and placed them on top of a freight car, and was awaiting the arrival of a brother from Washington. Then they would drive to Alpena and take the postmaster, after which, he was to get married then go out and kill a couple of more fellows. He seemed harmless but it is well to have him confined.

The Marriage of Dr. Claude Ray Keyport, of this city, and Miss Nora Belle Walton, of Detroit, occurred at the latter city, in the First Presbyterian church, last week Wednesday at six o'clock p. m. The bride is a daughter of our prosecuting attorney, F. G. Walton, of this city. For a number of years she lived at Bay City where she is popular and well known, but for some time she has been book-keeper for The Federal Casualty company at their Detroit office. The groom is one of our successful, well known physicians. He has a host of friends who will unite in extending their wishes to him and his bride. After spending a few days in a night-seeing in Detroit they came to Grayling and will soon take up their home in the house lately occupied by Frank D. Phelps, on Chestnut street.

Geo. Mahon has several desirable farms for sale.

A fine new electric sign has been placed on the corner of Lewis & Co.'s drug store.

Mrs. Cora Stephan is improving her property on Ogema street by painting her house. Floyd Bollinger is doing the work.

At the last meeting of the Rebekah Lodge No. 352, the following officers were elected: Bell Crandall, noble grand; Carrie Johnson, vice-grand; Carrie Pratt, secretary; Emma McCullough, treasurer.

Mrs. Amy Holmes Brolin died at her home on the South Side last Friday morning. She was born in 1871 and was an old resident of Grayling. Funeral was held from South Side M. P. church, and the remains were laid to rest in Elmwood cemetery.

A. Kraus has his window nicely trimmed with oak leaves and boughs, to make it have a woody appearance, and filled with guns and ammunition. On one end there is a miniature hunter's camp with the fire kindled ready for a match. It seems that there is a gun for every purpose enough to gladden the heart of any nimrod. It's good.

Several parties who were on the train that was held up here last week Thursday morning, on account of the wreck ahead found a way to avoid a six hour wait by going to Olson's Auto livery and having him drive them over. Olson has a fine lot of machines and his men know how to "drive like the Dickens" without any danger of accidents.

A letter from Harry P. Bell of Meadowdale, Washington, who will be remembered by many of our citizens as the youngest son of O. J. Bell, one of the early pioneers of the county, whose homestead was entered in township of Grove, where he resided for several years until he came here and served several years as county clerk and one as Pros. Att'y, before he moved to their present home near Seattle, brings the intelligence of his father's loss of sight. Mr. Bell was as well known and as highly esteemed as any man in our county, and his friends, who are counted as all who know him, will regret his misfortune and hope for his recovery.

Grayling South Side.

P. Johnson went to Bay City Tuesday night.

Mrs. P. Johnson was a Saginaw caller, Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Heinsman returned to their home in Detroit, Monday.

Salling-Hanson company started their band mill last Thursday noon.

The funeral of Mrs. L. Brolin was held at the south side church Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Larson are visiting relatives in southern Michigan.

Roy Wolcott moved to Brant, Michigan, where he expects work on a farm.

Steve Jackson has returned from the Soo where he has been since last spring.

Work is progressing finely on the Grayling Products company's chemical plant.

Mrs. Chas. Branch returned Saturday from a two weeks stay at Farwell, Michigan.

Kerry, Hanson company closed down their flooring mill last Saturday for repairs.

Mrs. Ira Leonard has returned from a two weeks' visit with her mother at Yale, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus Madison welcomed a bright, baby boy last Thursday morning.

We wondered what made the smile on Dolph Sancier's face. Dolph says it's a girl.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Lamont, formerly of this place, are here visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Truman Ingram and Roy Wolcott spent Monday evening with E. R. Clark's.

Geo. H. Leonard has returned home from Cincinnati, Ohio where he has been visiting his son and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Shellenbarger and Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Clark, and children, spent Sunday with John Dixon and family.

Mr. Mike Zar and Mrs. Josephine Harwell were married last Saturday morning at the Catholic church by Fr. Riess.

Memo.

Mrs. John Isenhauer Passes Away.

Mrs. John Isenhauer passed away at her home on McClellan street last Sunday morning and the news came as a shock to the people of this community. Although she had been in feeble health for some time she had been able to be about every day, even prepared the Sunday morning breakfast for the family.

Later she was taken with severe internal hemorrhage, which probably was direct cause of her death.

She was born in Canada, March 21, 1872, and at the age of four years with her parents moved to Alpena, where she lived up to eight years ago, when she came to Grayling.

She was united in marriage to Mr. John Isenhauer six years ago, who survives her. Her other near relatives are a brother, Will Garland, Boyne City, sister, Katie Armon, of Detroit, and daughter, Miss Metha Hatch.

She was a member of the Maccabees and Rebekah lodges, the latter conducting the services. Interment was at Elmwood cemetery.

She was a faithful wife and mother and a good neighbor and deep sorrow is felt by those who knew her.

School Days!

School Days have begun and we are fully prepared to clothe your boy or girl with everything needed, and that is desirable for hard school usage.

Best Line of School Shoes!



The biggest and best line of School Shoes ever shown in the city. Ask to see The "STAR BRAND" Line. All leathers in lace or button.

Fall Caps

We are showing the new Golf Caps for boys, in tan gray and brown 50 cents

Boys Suits

New Fall and Winter Suits, a large variety to select from \$3.50--7.00

School Dresses

Our line of Wash Dresses are just the thing for school.

We are also showing some pretty models in Serges and Flannels

Boys' Knickerbocker Pants

Our fall line just in. All sizes at 50c and up.

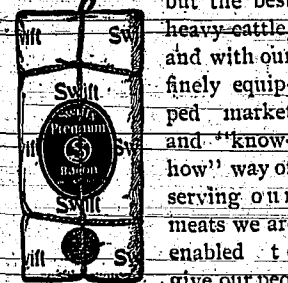
Bring your children in and let us convince you how well we can clothe them with good serviceable clothes, at a moderate cost.

Grayling Mercantile Co.

"The Quality Store."

PEOPLE'S MARKET

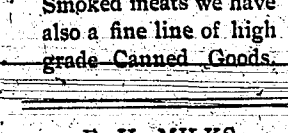
WE are anxious to please our customers every time they favor us with their orders. We handle nothing but the best heavy cattle, and with our finely equipped market and "know-how" way of serving our meats we are enabled to give our people the best of service. Courteous and fair treatment may always be expected here.



Besides Fresh, Salt and Smoked meats we have also a fine line of high grade Canned Goods.

F. H. MILKS.

FREE!! With Every Purchase of Black Cat Stockings



That Unpleasant Game of "Jumping Black Cats"

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

Jumping Black Cats

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O, You Kids!

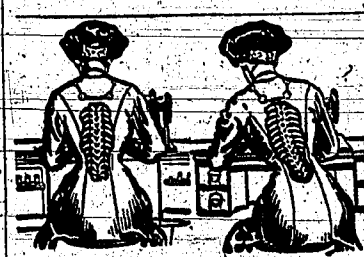
360 Pounds of Candy At 10 cents a Pound.

WE BOUGHT a large batch of Candy of the fellow who makes Korn-Syrup (you know him) and it's fine. We can give you about double quantity for your money, and just as good a quality. Sale begins this Thursday noon, and lasts till all is sold.

HURRY! HURRY!

R. BRINK

A new Idea in Sewing Machines



The Grand Central Needle Machines are now carried in stock. It is of the very finest modern design and solid construction, built for service, no weak joints. Call and examine these by physicians so highly recommended Central Needle Machines.

Sorenson's Furniture Store

Grayling, Michigan.

Petroleum as Old as the Hills

BY RUSSELL HASTINGS MILLWARD



PETROLEUM is as old as the hills. When the earth was formed, nature provided this oil, and in the crude state primitive man adapted it to many useful purposes, such as anointing, burning as fuel, and illumination, and also as an ointment in religious ceremonies; but the systematic refining of the product from its very inception is strictly an American industry.

The name petroleum, meaning "oil from the rock," was familiar to the Greeks, Romans and Persians from the dawn of their history. Herodotus wrote of the Springs of Xantho, from which this oil was gathered by dipping myrtle branches on the surface of the water in 500 B. C., and it was well known at that time that asphaltum, petroleum, naphtha, and maltha were all various forms of the same substance, collectively classified as bitumen. Maltha, more commonly known as pitch, was the indestructible cement of history, used in the construction of the Temple of Nineveh and the Tower of Babel; and there is little doubt that it was universally employed for similar purposes since the day when man first conceived the idea of building.



THE LAKEVIEW GUSHER, SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY, CALIF.

The matthe-lined caverns found in Egypt and at Petra, although of unknown antiquity, are still in a perfect state of preservation and for practical use. It is also a well-established fact that in the preparation of material for embalming and encaustic painting in Egypt and Mexico maltha formed the principal part.

Many theories have been advanced as to how bitumen has been produced, but no general chemical formula can be given for the occurrence of the several curious forms of the product. There is no doubt, however, that bitumen represents a substance that is obtained from petroleum, found in its liquid state in the containing rocks, and by the process of nature's laboratory has been gradually converted into its more solid form. This process may be described as evaporation. As the oil seeps to the surface, generally by its own gaseous pressure, the natural gases, sulphurous and light oils are evaporated by the sun, and the residues, asphaltum and maltha, formed. Indications of the presence of petroleum are frequently found on the surface in the form of bitumen, but there is no fixed rule, and recent discoveries seem to upset the theory that oil can only be found under certain conditions. Wells have been sunk and oil found along the coast of California, where the operations have even extended for some distance into the sea. In a variety of climates and from the sea level up through the lofty ranges of the Andes has this remarkable "light of the world" been secured.

Petroleum, also known as mineral oil, crude oil, and stone oil, may be described as a liquid form of bitumen, found seeping from the crevices of rocks and floating about on the surface of the water. Its color varies from a light straw, through amber, red and brown, to a dark green and black. It is a mixture of hydrocarbons, or compounds of hydrogen and carbon, varying considerably, according to the locality in which it is found, in both composition and consistency, and of two distinct varieties, asphalt base and paraffin base, with many constituents.

The more volatile and inflammable portions of the raw product are separated by refining, each constituent being taken off and collected separately by gradually raising the temperature of the oil and passing the consequent vapors or gases through a series of condensers. The products from the paraffin bases are usually taken off as follows: Gasolines and naphthas, kerosene or standard white, as it is now known, other illuminating oils, light and heavy lubricating oils, paraffin, and greases of various descriptions. The percentage of each product recovered from the crude varies according to the character of the crude. A fair average of Pennsylvania crude oil ran as follows: Gasoline, 1 1/2 per cent; naphthas, 14 per cent; kerosene, 55 per cent; lubricating oils, 17 1/2 per cent; paraffin, 2 per cent; and residue of pitch, etc., 10 per cent. Many varieties of petroleum require special treatment in order to eliminate sulphur and other objectionable elements. From the asphalt base petroleum is derived a residue employed in the manufacture of insulating, water-proofing and roofing materials. A residue known as "coke" is also used as fuel and in the manufacture of carbons for arc lights and electric batteries.

Along the banks of a stream in Pennsylvania, now known under the prosaic title of Oil Creek,



OIL WELLS OF THE SENECA IN SUMMERLAND, NEAR SANTA BARBARA, CALIF.



FIRE AT OIL GUSHER, LOS BOCAS, MEXICO

the Seneca Indian once dipped his blanket in most romantic fashion as he tried in vain to transfer the brilliant and variegated colors he discovered on the surface of the little pools of petroleum. Disappointed because he could not at once convert his attractive find into a satisfactory dye material, the red man found other purposes for which the oil could be employed.

The blanket was carefully squeezed and the oily substance recovered. Rude pits were dug, lined with rough-hewn timbers, and the oil was stored away for future use. This began the first known practical conservation of petroleum in America. Many of these old Indian pits are still found in an excellent condition, the timbers being practically as sound as the day when cut from the forest.

It was not long, however, before the white man began to realize the value of this remarkable discovery, and enterprising pioneers began to dig pits similar to those of the Indian and to gather the oil, which for many years was bottled and, under the names of "Seneca Oil," "Indian Oil," and "Snake Oil," sold extensively as a sure cure for all the aches and pains to which man is heir. It was universally accepted as a medicine, but with little curiosity as to how great a quantity of the wonderful curative could be secured or whence it came.

As early as 1790, the manufacture of salt became an important industry in the United States, and for the purpose numerous brine wells were sunk throughout the country, especially along the western slope of the Allegheny Mountains, where the brine was found in great abundance, collected, and evaporated into salt. Many of these wells had to be abandoned on account of their producing uncontrollable quantities of petroleum, then considered a most undesirable element. A notable incident of this kind occurred at Little Renox Creek, near Burkesville, Kentucky, in 1820, when an attempt made to sink a well and secure what was supposed to be an unlimited supply of brine resulted in the striking of a mammoth oil gusher. Consternation and disappointment spread among the owners of the well as they witnessed the great quantities of oil flowing rapidly beyond the creek and into the Cumberland River, where it finally caught fire and burned for a distance of over fifty miles. When the fire was extinguished the oil flowed on as rapidly as before, and, with the exception of a small quantity which was later recovered, bottled, and sold under the name of "American Medicinal Oil," the product was wasted.

In 1846 Dr. Abraham Gesner discovered a method of extracting an excellent grade of illuminating oil from coal, and in 1854 he patented a successful illuminant, "kerosene," commonly known as "coal-oil." The improvement was so great over the animal and vegetable oils then in use, the objectionable odor and smoke being eliminated, that they were gradually abandoned, and in order to meet an enormous and ever-increasing demand for the product, it became necessary to establish factories throughout the country for the extraction of this popular illuminating oil from coal. Altogether there were over 60 of these establishments in operation at one time, and the price of kerosene advanced rapidly until 1857, when it sold as high as \$2 a gallon. The industry was short-lived, however, for upon the discovery of petroleum in sufficient quantities to effect a competition as a basis from which illuminating oils could be manufactured, these kerosene factories were converted into refineries of crude oil in order to prevent their total loss.

The great demand for kerosene and its consequent high price were the cause of attracting the world-wide attention of chemists and scientific authorities, and repeated attempts were made to

discover the means of producing at a lower cost some other satisfactory illuminant from coal or petroleum. Researches in this line were continuous and untiring until early in 1855, when a complete and invaluable analysis of petroleum taken from an "oil spring" on Oil Creek, near Titusville, Pennsylvania, was made by the distinguished chemist, Prof. Benjamin Silliman, Jr.

The manner of driving or sinking an oil well is simpler than is generally imagined. A steel drill, weighing anywhere from 1,000 to 3,000 pounds, and measuring about 30 feet in length, is selected for the purpose. This is fastened to an adjustable line and connected with a heavy arm or beam, driven by an engine which continually raises and releases the arms and permits the drill to fall with great force into the hole. With each drop, and by its own weight, the drill literally crushes and pulverizes the rock into sand, which is removed with a "sand pump" from time to time as it accumulates in the boring. As the work progresses the hole deepens the adjustable line is lengthened and the drill varied as required. After drilling to depths varying from 100 to 2,000 feet, and when a stratum is struck in the rock, the oil is frequently brought to the surface by the force of its own pressure, but it often becomes necessary to insert a charge of explosive at the bottom of the boring, "shoot" or blast the well, and thus increase the supply. After the drilling and blasting are completed, the well is then cased with iron piping, known as a "lining," and a pump inserted.

In the old days each well was pumped separately, but the industry is now conducted upon such an economic and scientific basis that the wells are pumped in groups by a veritable network of connecting rods, extending over the fields and driven by an engine in a centralized station.

In some districts the oil fields have been practically honeycombed with wells and the production of petroleum greatly reduced or scattered by continual pumping. As the enterprise grew many complex problems arose from time to time, but they have all been gradually but effectively solved, and the industry placed upon a conservative and economic basis. The total flow of oil in the United States for the year 1909, the first year of which a reliable record has been kept, amounted to only 2,000 barrels. For the year 1909 the production as estimated by David T. Day of the United States Geological Survey amounted to about 178,000,000 barrels, which, if placed in a single body, would be sufficient to float a gigantic fleet of 935 Dreadnought battle ships of the new 26,000-ton Arkansas type of the United States Navy.

Gradually the oil derrick wended its way from a northeasterly to a southwesterly direction, and the petroleum industry was extended over a vast territory. During the year 1908 there were 16,909 wells sunk in the United States, of which but 3,214 were dry.

Extensive experiments have been conducted to determine the value of petroleum as fuel for power plants as well as for the navy and merchant marine, especially in England and the United States. Numerous merchant vessels have been fully equipped for burning oil as fuel, and, by practical test, it has been determined that oil will evaporate 30 per cent more water per pound than coal, is easier to handle and stow, offers no difficulty in burning, and, in its use, time formerly wasted in coaling and in useless labor is saved, smoke eliminated, fuel space economized, sailing greatly increased, and a clean ship assured at all times. The use of oil as fuel, and the only obstacles to its universal use are: (1) Difficulty in obtaining; (2) increased cost over coal. With the production of sufficient petroleum at a reasonable cost, there is little doubt that every ship afloat will be eventually equipped with oil burners and the coal grates pass from use.

The United States navy has equipped the battleships Delaware, North Dakota, Utah, Florida, Arkansas and Wyoming with auxiliary provision for from 400 to 600 tons of fuel oil each. The new battleships now under construction at the Fore River Ship Building Company, Philadelphia, for the Argentine government, will also be equipped for auxiliary oil capacities of 600 tons each.

The usefulness of petroleum is almost unlimited. Besides the many grades of gasolines, naphthas, illuminating oils, lubricating oils, paraffin, and greases obtained from the crude oil-paraffin base, filtered paraffin residues or concentrated jellies are also obtained. These jellies are universally employed as therapeutic agents in diseases of the skin, as a basis in the manufacture of medicated ointments for general household use, and also in the compounding of shoe and metal polishes.

A NEW FACTOR IN FARMING

Use of Power Has Multiplied Man's Capacity a Hundredfold—Comparison of Power Furnished by Tractor With That Furnished by the Horse.

By H. H. RUSSELLMAN, Instructor in Farm Engineering, Michigan Agricultural College

The history of agricultural machinery has been one of extremely rapid development within comparatively recent years. The trend of development has been toward the application of power to hand processes. The history of manufacturing shows the same course. We are told that the extended use of power has made the work of the world less arduous and shortened the hours of labor. Man's progress depends largely upon his capacity to do work, which is the result of the expenditure of energy. The use of power has multiplied his capacity a hundredfold. The man with the hoe, dull and uncomprehending, is passing, and in his stead we find the man with wits keen to direct and hands skilled to control the energy which doubles his own score, whether it be the four-horse team, the steam engine, or the gasoline tractor. Through the agency of well adapted agricultural machines he has been able to direct this energy into useful work, the effectiveness and nicety of which the unaided hand of man could never equal.

This year at Winnipeg, Canada, was held a competition of motor tractors, steam, gasoline and kerosene. Here were met thirty-one outfits from half as many companies. For three weeks these machines were subjected to the severest tests on the brake and in the field under actual working conditions. Virginia prairie sod, the toughest task the plowman has ever encountered, was severed and overturned with a rapidity and ease amazing to the layman. What was the purpose of it all? Primarily to determine the capability of the various types of machines to the work for which they are intended, but in a larger sense to develop and perfect a machine which means the making of the northwest.

We are accustomed to the use of power on the farm in Michigan. The principal sources are the windmill, the gasoline engine, the steam engine, and the horse. The field has been divided and to the lighter duties have been assigned the windmill and the gasoline engine. The steam engine handles the heavier duties to which it is adapted, but to man's most faithful friend, the horse, falls the greater share. The steam engine has never been seriously considered as a field machine in Michigan on account of its weight and unwieldiness on the comparatively small fields and farms. There is being brought forth today, however, the light internal combustion tractor intended for general purpose work upon the farm. It has not

as yet proven its worth, but many are looking forward to its advent with the keenest interest. Can such a machine hold a field of usefulness, and if so what would be the basis of its adoption?

Suppose we give the matter of the amount of power furnished some consideration and in so doing leave out all other factors. We will compare roughly the power furnished by the tractor with that furnished by the horse. At present the unit of power is the horse. This unit may be combined into the two, three and even the four-horse team. The latter is about the limit of power that one man can handle advantageously. The average horse is able to develop nearly a unit horsepower when used continuously. One horsepower here is intended to mean the unit used in measuring work. A man then driving a four-horse team would be able to control the energy equal to four-horsepower.

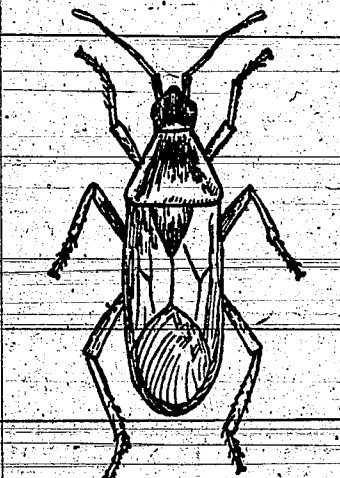
If he were using a twenty-horsepower tractor which should develop, roughly speaking, about fifty per cent of the total horsepower at the draw bar, he should then have from 6-10 horsepower available for effective work with the engine working at somewhere near its full load. All other things being equal, the balance would be in favor of the tractor since it would enable one man to control a greater amount of power. Aside from the question of adaptability which the manufacturer is assiduously working out, an example of what we mean by adaptability may be shown by the following: A four-horse team may be divided and each horse or unit used complete in itself, thus adapting it to smaller yet important details of work. In the tractor this would manifestly be impossible, but on the other hand the tractor through its construction and efficiency would be found especially valuable for belt work where horses can be used to very little advantage. There are many questions of design such as types of engines, gears, clutches, height, weight and width of drivers, kind of lugs for effective traction, weight, etc., which time and experience together must determine. If, however, we can add to the size and adaptability of the new commonly understood and used gasoline or kerosene engine, obtain fuel at a reasonable cost, and shift a proportionately larger share of the work upon this unfeeling machine, then it will surely find favor. Old Dobbin will not be supplanted, but relieved of his heaviest burdens as he has relieved man of his.

CONTROL OF SQUASH BUGS

By R. H. PETTIT, Entomologist, Michigan Agricultural College

Everyone knows the large black stink-bug or squash-bug of the garden and field. All of us have tried to kill it by spraying, dust-baths and what-not, but still the stink-bug flourishes. There seems to be no wash or powder that will kill the bug without at the same time killing the plants.

The eggs of these marauders are red in color, and quite large; they are laid in bunches on the leaves, for the most part on the under side. The young bugs that come from these eggs resemble the adults very much except in their proportions and size, although of course they lack the wings. Not only do the bugs attack the vines, piercing them with their



Squash-bug.

long beaks, and extracting the sap, which alone is enough to seriously injure the plants, but at the same time they carry the germs of disease from one plant to another, thus inoculating healthy plants with the wilt, and possibly with other diseases.

Remedial. Plants grown under mosquito-netting of course escape the bugs, but such a measure is very expensive except in unusual cases. Clean Culture.—In the autumn after the crop is secured, the bugs continue to feed on the old vines for some time before the vines dry up and die. The writer has collected large num-

bers of these insects, and has found that they are very persistent and pernicious. The practice just advocated is pursued on the Michigan Agricultural College farm in case the seedlings are not pastured by sheep. A constant warfare has to be waged against weeds owing to their introduction in the purchase of hay, straw and grain for feeding, all the manure being returned to the farm.

Earth's Core. At a meeting of a scientific society at The Hague Professor Weichert asserted that his studies of the varying velocity of earthquake tremors, passing through the interior of the globe, led to the conclusion that the earth consists of a central core of iron or steel, about 5,580 miles in diameter.

Immense Mountain of Salt. In an island of San Domingo there is a remarkable salt mountain—masses of crystalline salt, nearly four miles long, estimated to contain nearly 90,000,000 tons, and said to be so clear that medium-sized print can be read through a block a foot thick.

AFTER 7 YEARS SUFFERING

(I Was Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound)



Wanted, O.K.—I had female troubles for seven years, was all run down and so nervous I could not do anything. The doctors treated me for different things but did me no good. I could not sleep day or night. While in this condition I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and began its use and wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice. In a short time I had gained my average weight and am now strong and well. —Mrs. SALLIE STEVENS, E. F. D., No. 9, Box 84, Waukegan, Ill.

Another Grateful Woman. Huntington, Mass.—I was in a nervous, run-down condition and for three years could find no help. I have my present good health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Blood Purifier which I believe saved my life.

"My doctor knows what helped me and does not say one word against it." —Mrs. MARY JAXETTE RATES, Box 134, Huntington, Mass.

Because your case has been different, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacement, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periods, pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, and nervous prostration.

It is sold with Lydia E. Pinkham's Eye Water

THE HAPPY MAN.



"Susie's getting married."

"Who's the happy man?"

"Her father."

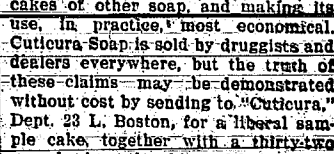
"Why should I use CUTICURA SOAP?"

"There is nothing the matter with my skin, and I thought Cuticura Soap was only for skin troubles." True, it is for skin troubles, but its great mission is to prevent skin troubles. For more than a generation, its delicate emollient and prophylactic properties have rendered it the standard for this purpose, while its extreme purity and refreshing fragrance give to it all the advantages of the best of toilet soaps. It is also invaluable in keeping the hands soft and white, the hair lustrous and glossy, and the scalp free from dandruff and irritation. While its first cost is a few cents more than that of ordinary toilet soaps, it is prepared with such care and of such materials that it wears as a water, often outlasting several cakes of other soap, and making its use, in practice, most economical. Cuticura Soap is sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, but the truth of these claims may be demonstrated without cost by sending to "Cuticura," Dept. 33 L, Boston, for a liberal sample cake, together with a thirty-two page book on the skin and hair.

Whoever complains of not having found a true friend accuses himself—Sintenis.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

He who knows most grieves for wasted time.—Dante.



Cement Talk No. 5

The term "barrels" is usually used in speaking of quantities of cement. However, cement is seldom actually packed in barrels. A barrel is the unit of measure and simply means four sacks, each sack weighing 95 lbs. Universal Portland Cement is packed in paper or cloth sacks; in most cases cloth sacks are used. Universal is of the best quality of Portland Cement possible to manufacture. Forty million sacks are made and consumed yearly in this country. The railroads use hundreds of thousands of barrels. It is used by the biggest architects and contractors in the cities and the government uses it extensively in all departments. If you have any concrete work to do, ask your dealer for Universal. It is the best for concrete of any kind.

UNIVERSAL PORTLAND CEMENT CO. CHICAGO-PITTSBURGH

ANNUAL OUTPUT 10,000,000 BARRELS

The Winthrop Spring

Once more the site of the old Winthrop spring in Spring, Maine has been uncovered, this time by the raising of the buildings at the corner of Devonshire street and the lane, preparatory to excavating for the foundations of a ten-story building. This work has brought to the mind of Mrs. Nelson V. Tins, president of the Massachusetts Society of the Daughters of 1812, the idea of reopening the famous old

spring and in place at the side of the new building a cobblestone fountain with a statue of Governor Winthrop above it. The spring, one of the most famous in Massachusetts, was used by the early settlers of Boston, and for many years thereafter, even as late as when the present Old South Water was built. For many years the water was used in the postoffice building, the clerks preferring it to Co-

lumbate. In the '80s, it is said, as much as 10,000 gallons a day was used. So highly was the water thought of by the Boston public that persons would take jugs and demijohns to the postoffice to fill them with the spring water for home consumption, just as in the earlier days Boston people carried their buckets and their pails from the old spring to their homes.

When the Old South building was put up the supply in the postoffice suddenly fell very short and was abandoned. It was claimed that at that time the spring had been piped into the public sewer, so that the water flowed through the sewer, as it is claimed, it is doing today.—Boston Transcript.

All Things Center in the Home.

Most of the trouble in this world may be traced to unhappy homes, to the ignorance of fathers and mothers who do not know how to control themselves, therefore cannot control their children. The home is either the root of good or of evil.



YOURS

Yours for uniformity.
Yours for great leavening power.
Yours for never failing results.
Yours for economy.
Yours for everything that goes to make up a strictly high grade, ever-dependable baking powder.

That's Calumet. Try it once and note the improvement in your baking. See how much more economical over the high-priced trust brands, how much better than the cheap and big-can kinds.

Calumet is highest in quality—moderate in cost.

Received Highest Award—World's Pure Food Exposition.

Penicillin GOOD FOR EYE SORE Salve

Couldn't Help Him.
"I haven't a place to lay my head."
"I'm sorry, but we're all out of head rests."

Stop the Pain.
The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Calumet Carbolic is applied. It heats quickly and prevents infection. See by drugs. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

A Humane Man.
Elderly Countess Catch this big fly, Johann, but do it carefully, and put him outdoors without injury.

Footman's Name.
"Shall I give him an umbrella?"—Mergendorfer Blatter.

DISTEMPER

In all its forms, among all ages of horses, as well as dogs, cats and others in the same stable prevented from having the disease with BEECHAM'S DISTEMPER CURE. Every bottle guaranteed. Over 70,000 bottles sold last year. Best remedy for chicken cholera, 50 cents and \$1.00 bottle. 25 and 50 dozen. Any good druggist, or send to manufacturers, Write for free booklet, "Beecham's Distemper Cure," Contagious Diseases, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

The Recall.
Tobaccoist: You learned long ago how to pack a barrel of apples, didn't you, Uncle John?

Horticulturist: Sure thing, Billy; same as you packed that box of oranges I bought of you the other day—all the nice ones in the top row.

Twice-Convicted.
Another lawyer's story arrives. We are told that a man was charged with picking a pocket the other day and that when arraigned he pleaded "guilty." The case went to the jury, however, and the verdict was "not guilty." And the court spoke as follows: "You don't leave this court without a stain on your character. By your own confession you are a thief. By the verdict of the jury you are a liar."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Dust and Tuberculosis.

As a result of the dangers from contamination of those exposed to various forms of dust, and at the request of the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, the United States government has recently appointed a commission to work in co-operation with state authorities in making an investigation into the conditions of the metal mining industries in the United States, with special reference to diseases of the lungs. The work of the commission engaged in this special task will follow lines somewhat similar to those worked out by the Royal Commission of Australia, whose report was recently received in this country.

Try For Breakfast—

Scramble two eggs. When nearly cooked, mix in about a half a cup of

Post Toasties

and serve at once—seasoning to taste—it's immense!

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Ltd.
Baile Creek, Mich.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE AGAINST GERMANY

RUSSIA PROMISES TO THROW ARMY ON GERMAN FLANK AND INVADE AUSTRIA.

WILL TAKE ACTIVE PART IN WAR IF GERMANY ATTACKS.

France Holds Troops Whose Terms Have Expired and Are Gradually Merging Army Near Frontier.

Efforts of Germany and Austria to drive a wedge between France and Russia have utterly failed and if the Moroccan dispute results in war Russia will be found as an active ally of France.

M. Izvolsky, the Russian ambassador at Paris, has been authorized to tell France that her proposals to Germany are accepted by Russia as involving her full duties as an ally should Germany follow its rejection by a belligerent power.

It is understood that Russia's strategy in such an event will be to hold a sufficient force on Germany's eastern rear guard as to keep half the German army there while an expeditionary army invades Austria through the North Balkans.

Before the war left for Kiev the German and Austrian ambassadors at St. Petersburg went aboard the royal yacht Standart and bade him a long leave. The farewells were ostensibly friendly, but the ambassadors were hiding deep chagrin for they had been unable to "carry out successfully a deep-laid and intricate intrigue which it was hoped to give Germany a free hand to deal with France alone on land in event of war.

BEATTIE GUILTY.

Virginian Must Die in Electric Chair; Crowded Court Room Hears Verdict.

The jury in the case of Henry Clay Beattie, Jr., charged with slaying his wife, returned a verdict of guilty Friday.

It required only 55 minutes for the jury to reach a decision.

The 12 men filed out of the courtroom at 2:25 p.m. and at 4:20 were back with the verdict.

Beattie's nerve was unshaken, there not even being a tremor of his face as the verdict was rendered.

Henry Beattie faced the men in the light of three little kerosene lights.

Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed upon a verdict? asked Clerk Coghill.

"We have," said Foreman Perley. "What is it?"

Beattie stood and heard the verdict announced. He rested on his right hand which held to the desk before him. His left hand was placed on his hip. Not a trace of fear or emotion came to his face.

The lips of his father trembled and the old man settled back as far as he could in the chair.

A burst of approval of the verdict came from the people packing the courtroom. The judge rapped for order. The jurors were sent back to their room because they did not say what verdict they found Beattie guilty.

The foreman's verdict read: "We, the jury, find the accused guilty as charged in the indictment."

Mr. Wendenburg asked the court to have the charge amended to read guilty of murder in the first degree.

The jury returned to the courtroom at 4:30 and the verdict of murder in the first degree.

The defense immediately made a motion to set aside the verdict.

The judge denied a motion for a new trial.

Judge Watson granted a stay of sentence of ninety days, as asked by the defense.

Members of the jury that convicted Henry Clay Beattie say that their minds were made up before arguments of the lawyers on both sides were commenced. Beattie himself said the most to bring about his conviction when he took the stand on his own behalf.

According to several of the jurymen, all of the 12 men knew that he was lying; his whole testimony did not carry conviction of the truth of his evidence nor of his innocence of the crime charged against him.

Prowler Murders 7-Year-Old Girl.

The body of 7-year-old Annie Lemberger, of Madison, Wis., who was kidnapped, was found in Lake Monona. She had been murdered.

She was taken from her bed in which she had been sleeping with a sister and her disappearance was not known to her family until morning. Examination of the body disclosed no evidence of violence beyond a slight laceration of one ear and a dislocation of the neck, the latter indicating that the child may have been strangled.

The only motive for the murder seems to be revenge upon her parents by some enemy at present unknown.

Founder of Red Cross Is Dying.

Clara Barton, founder of the American Red Cross, is believed to be dying at her summer home. She is 90 years old. In poor health when she started early in the summer from her home at Glen Elder, Md., she has grown gradually worse. Her strength was greatly impaired by pneumonia some time ago and her extreme age left her without power of recuperation.

L. J. Smith's egg-case factory has opened in Eaton Rapids with 150 employees.

Masochist Shimose, who invented the high explosive to which the name Shimose powder was given by the Japanese navy, is dead. He was born in 1859. His compound was adopted in 1893 by the Japanese navy.

The few crops of broom corn is moving and some of the sales recorded are the highest in 50 years. One farmer in Douglas county, Ill., has sold one ton for \$180 per ton. Harvesting will be in full blast next week. The supply of broom corn this season will be limited, and some growers are predicting a \$200 per ton price before the season is over.



"HURRY BACK!"

BOUND TO PROGRESS LEAGUE MUST GET TO WORK

Republican Activity Vital to Success of Party at the Next Elections.

Forward Movement a Part of Our Political Existence.

Only Question is the Regulation of the Rate of Speed—Republicans May Be Quarrel With Either of Their Prominent Leaders.

The word "progressive" has seized upon the popular fancy and come into popular use. The political world resounds with it. There are "progressive" Republicans and "progressive" Democrats. Some are more progressive than others, but all alike insist not only that they are "progressive," but that the country shall "progress" according to their code of "progress."

As a matter of fact, progress is, and has always been, the rule of our political existence. We are all "progressives." We could not halt for any material length of time if we so desired. Our opportunities are so numerous, our unrest so great, and our capacity for work so well developed that progress is as certain and inevitable as death or taxes. We could not, if we would, escape it. Where is the man or party capable of standing still, or pat, in the midst of so much impelling bustle and thrif?

The question is not progress, but the regulation of progress. How fast should we go? How great is the necessity of a brake on the wheel? Just as in the coaching world there are whips, and in the automobile world drivers, who are all for speed, so in the political world are leaders whose mottoes are "short cuts" and "get there."

There are no easier and no confident of the strength of the national carryall, they are flourishing the whip all the time.

It is not progress that distinguishes Mr. La Follette and Mr. Cummings from Mr. Cannon and Mr. Aldrich, or Mr. Bryan and Mr. Hearst from Mr. Bailey and Mr. Martin, but the rate of progress. Nobody stands or could stand still. As easily could the stars halt in their courses.

Let discussion about progress and everything else thrive. This is preeminently the country of and for and by discussion. The man with a message and the capacity to deliver it is sure of an audience. If his message possesses value it is accepted and he is rewarded. If it is mere sound and fury, signifying nothing but a desire on his part to advertise himself and cause turbulence, it is soon forgotten.

Meanwhile, harken to the words of the president spoken at Rochester. Classed as a "standpatter" by some of the "Progressives," and as a "Progressive" by some of the "standpatters," he is, gauged by his own delivery, an optimist, who sees the country going forward, and certain to ride out any storm that demagogues or half-baked experimenters may produce, the heat of affairs, and as such the object of some bitter attacks he has lost neither his serenity nor his reason, but is keeping his course, and willing to abide by the popular verdict on the subject expressed at the polls—Washington Star.

Treasury Department in Able Hands.

While the receipts and expenditures of the government depend on the operation of the tariff, yet it seems proper to state them in connection with the work of the treasury department.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1909, the excess of ordinary expenditures over ordinary receipts amounted to \$68,734,955. During the first year ending June 30, 1910, the first full fiscal year under the present administration, the excess of ordinary receipts over expenditures amounted to \$15,806,824 while during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, the surplus was \$47,240,466.

The Last Veto.

The president vetoed the cotton tariff revision (to which the senate scheduled the new metal and chemical schedules, simply on the ground that there was not adequate information before congress to permit intelligent legislation. He might have added that if there had been such information the policies that dictated the schedules enacted would have produced the same result. But this remains one of the unspoken arguments on the tariff question.

International Marriages.

There are five hundred American women in Europe who left their native land as the brides of so-called noblemen. Out of those, two hundred have been divorced or are separated from their husbands.

As He Understood It.

A Chinese boy, who was learning English, came across the passage in the Testament, "We have piped unto you, and ye have not danced," rendered it thus: "We have toot, toot to you what the matter you no jump."

Part of Wisdom is to Wait.

To the cotton schedule President Taft concedes some degree of investigation. But he pointed out that the report of the tariff board would be before congress before the date at which the measure was to take effect. As to the metal and chemical schedules, he makes the point that there was absolutely no investigation or study whatever. Certain senators combined to stick them on to the bill and it was done.

Women Lawyers Gaining Ground.

Women are now eligible for admission to the bar in all Federal courts, and in Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Washington and several other states.

Law Notes.

Too Much Taffy is Bad.

It is not good to eat much honey, for men to search out their glory is grievous.—Proverbs of Solomon, xxv:27.

SUGAR SOARS.

United States Agricultural Department Says a Famine Comes.

The United States is facing the most severe sugar famine in years. The refineries have hardly any stock on hand; there is practically no trading in anything but seconds in the New York market; it is impossible to obtain any of last year's European surplus, and the fall crop for the United States threatens to show a large diminution.

The price of sugar has gone up steadily for months. It has risen a cent and a quarter a pound, wholesale, in the last few weeks, and the fall production not only will not bring about a drop in prices, but may be responsible for a continuation for the increasing price.

This is the situation as summed up by sugar experts in the department of agriculture, after a period of months from all sugar-growing sections of the country, reports and the present condition of the market and estimates on the amount of sugar now held in stock by the refineries.

THE MARKETS

LIVE STOCK.

DETROIT—Cattle.—The general condition of the live stock market was about the same as that of last week. There were some changes in prices, but none of any considerable importance. In the cattle department the run was below that of a week ago by nearly two head. Quality was about the same, but the market was not so active. There were a few more head of cattle than there were a week ago, but the market was not so active. There were a few more head of cattle than there were a week ago, but the market was not so active.

GRAIN, ETC.

DETROIT—Wheat.—Cash and September No. 2 red, 90 cents; No. 2 hard, 88 cents; No. 2 white, 86 cents; No. 2 yellow, 84 cents; No. 2 light, 82 cents; No. 2 heavy, 80 cents; No. 2 extra, 78 cents; No. 2 super, 76 cents; No. 2 extra, 74 cents; No. 2 super, 72 cents; No. 2 extra, 70 cents; No. 2 super, 68 cents; No. 2 extra, 66 cents; No. 2 super, 64 cents; No. 2 extra, 62 cents; No. 2 super, 60 cents; No. 2 extra, 58 cents; No. 2 super, 56 cents; No. 2 extra, 54 cents; No. 2 super, 52 cents; No. 2 extra, 50 cents; No. 2 super, 48 cents; No. 2 extra, 46 cents; No. 2 super, 44 cents; No. 2 extra, 42 cents; No. 2 super, 40 cents; No. 2 extra, 38 cents; No. 2 super, 36 cents; No. 2 extra, 34 cents; No. 2 super, 32 cents; No. 2 extra, 30 cents; No. 2 super, 28 cents; No. 2 extra, 26 cents; No. 2 super, 24 cents; No. 2 extra, 22 cents; No. 2 super, 20 cents; No. 2 extra, 18 cents; No. 2 super, 16 cents; No. 2 extra, 14 cents; No. 2 super, 12 cents; No. 2 extra, 10 cents; No. 2 super, 8 cents; No. 2 extra, 6 cents; No. 2 super, 4 cents; No. 2 extra, 2 cents; No. 2 super, 0 cents.

VEGETABLES.

DETROIT—Potatoes.—No. 1, 1.25; No. 2, 1.10; No. 3, 1.00; No. 4, .90; No. 5, .80; No. 6, .70; No. 7, .60; No. 8, .50; No. 9, .40; No. 10, .30; No. 11, .20; No. 12, .10; No. 13, .05; No. 14, .02; No. 15, .01; No. 16, .00; No. 17, .00; No. 18, .00; No. 19, .00; No. 20, .00; No. 21, .00; No. 22, .00; No. 23, .00; No. 24, .00; No. 25, .00; No. 26, .00; No. 27, .00; No. 28, .00; No. 29, .00; No. 30, .00; No. 31, .00; No. 32, .00; No. 33, .00; No. 34, .00; No. 35, .00; No. 36, .00; No. 37, .00; No. 38, .00; No. 39, .00; No. 40, .00; No. 41, .00; No. 42, .00; No. 43, .00; No. 44, .00; No. 45, .00; No. 46, .00; No. 47, .00; No. 48, .00; No. 49, .00; No. 50, .00; No. 51, .00; No. 52, .00; No. 53, .00; No. 54, .00; No. 55, .00; No. 56, .00; No. 57, .00; No. 58, .00; No. 59, .00; No. 60, .00; No. 61, .00; No. 62, .00; No. 63, .00; No. 64, .00; No. 65, .00; No. 66, .00; No. 67, .00; No. 68, .00; No. 69, .00; No. 70, .00; No. 71, .00; No. 72, .00; No. 73, .00; No. 74, .00; No. 75, .00; No. 76, .00; No. 77, .00; No. 78, .00; No. 79, .00; No. 80, .00; No. 81, .00; No. 82, .00; No. 83, .00; No. 84, .00; No. 85, .00; No. 86, .00; No. 87, .00; No. 88, .00; No. 89, .00; No. 90, .00; No. 91, .00; No. 92, .00; No. 93, .00; No. 94, .00; No. 95, .00; No. 96, .00; No. 97, .00; No. 98, .00; No. 99, .00; No. 100, .00; No. 101, .00; No. 102, .00; No. 103, .00; No. 104, .00; No. 105, .00; No. 106, .00; No. 107, .00; No. 108, .00; No. 109, .00; No. 110, .00; No. 111, .00; No. 112, .00; No. 113, .00; No. 114, .00; No. 115, .00; No. 116, .00; No. 117, .00; No. 118, .00; No. 119, .00; No. 120, .00; No. 121, .00; No. 122, .00; No. 123, .00; No. 124, .00; No. 125, .00; No. 126, .00; No. 127, .00; No. 128, .00; No. 129, .00; No. 130, .00; No. 131, .00; No. 132, .00; No. 133, .00; No. 134, .00; No. 135, .00; No. 136, .00; No. 137, .00; No. 138, .00; No. 139, .00; No. 140, .00; No. 141, .00; No. 142, .00; No. 143, .00; No. 144, .00; No. 145, .00; No. 146, .00; No. 147, .00; No. 148, .00; No. 149, .00; No. 150, .00; No. 151, .00; No. 152, .00; No. 153, .00; No. 154, .00; No. 155, .00; No. 156, .00; No. 157, .00; No. 158, .00; No. 159, .00; No. 160, .00; No. 161, .00; No. 162, .00; No. 163, .00; No. 164, .00; No. 165, .00; No. 166, .00; No. 167, .00; No. 168, .00; No. 169, .00; No. 170, .00; No. 171, .00; No. 172, .00; No. 173, .00; No. 174, .00; No. 175, .00; No. 176, .00; No. 177, .00; No. 178, .00; No. 179, .00; No. 180, .00; No. 181, .00; No. 182, .00; No. 183, .00; No. 184, .00; No. 185, .00; No. 186, .00; No. 187, .00; No. 188, .00; No. 189, .00; No. 190, .00; No. 191, .00; No. 192, .00; No. 193, .00; No. 194, .00; No. 195, .00; No. 196, .00; No. 197, .00; No. 198, .00; No. 199, .00; No. 200, .00; No. 201, .00; No. 202, .00; No. 203, .00; No. 204, .00; No. 205, .00; No. 206, .00; No. 207, .00; No. 208, .00; No. 209, .00; No. 210, .00; No. 211, .00; No. 212, .00; No. 213, .00; No. 214, .00; No. 215, .00; No. 216, .00; No. 217, .00; No. 218, .00; No. 219, .00; No. 220, .00; No. 221, .00; No. 222, .00; No. 223, .00; No. 224, .00; No. 225, .00; No. 226, .00; No. 227, .00; No. 228, .00; No. 229, .00; No. 230, .00; No. 231, .00; No. 232, .00; No. 233, .00; No. 234, .00; No. 235, .00; No. 236, .00; No. 237, .00; No. 238, .00; No. 239, .00; No. 240, .00; No. 241, .00; No. 242, .00; No. 243, .00; No. 244, .00; No. 245, .00; No. 246, .00; No. 247, .00; No. 248, .00; No. 249, .00; No. 250, .00; No. 251, .00; No. 252, .00; No. 253, .00; No. 254, .00; No. 255, .00; No. 256, .00; No. 257, .00; No. 258, .00; No. 259, .00; No. 260, .00; No. 261, .00; No. 262, .00; No. 263, .00; No. 264, .00; No. 265, .00; No. 266, .00; No. 267, .00; No. 268, .00; No. 269, .00; No. 270, .00; No. 271, .00; No. 272, .00; No. 273, .00; No. 274, .00; No. 275, .00; No. 276, .00; No. 277, .00; No. 278, .00; No. 279, .00; No. 280, .00; No. 281, .00; No. 282, .00; No. 283, .00; No. 284, .00; No. 285, .00; No. 286, .00; No. 287, .00; No. 288, .00; No. 289, .00; No. 290, .00; No. 291, .00; No. 292, .00; No. 293, .00; No. 294, .00; 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No. 583, .00; No. 584, .00; No. 585, .00; No. 586, .00; No. 587, .00; No. 588, .00; No. 589, .00; No. 590, .00; No. 591, .00; No. 592, .00; No. 593, .00; No. 594, .00; No. 595, .00; No. 596, .00; No. 597, .00; No. 598, .00; No. 599, .00; No. 600, .00; No. 601, .00; No. 602, .00; No. 603, .00; No. 604, .00; No. 605, .00; No. 606, .00; No. 607, .00; No. 608, .00; No. 609, .00; No. 610, .00; No. 611, .00; No. 612, .00; No. 613, .00; No. 614, .00; No. 615, .00; No. 616, .00; No. 617, .00; No. 618, .00; No. 619, .00; No. 620, .00; No. 621, .00; No. 622, .00; No. 623, .00; No. 624, .00; No. 625, .00; No. 626, .00; No. 627, .00; No. 628, .00; No. 629, .00; No. 630, .00; No. 631, .00; No. 632, .00; No. 633, .00; No. 634, .00; No. 635, .00; No. 636, .00; No. 637, .00; No. 638, .00; No. 639, .00; No. 640, .00; No. 641, .00; No. 642, .00; No. 643, .00; No. 644, .00; No. 645, .00; No. 646, .00; No. 647, .

DIG EXPOSITION AND LAND SHOW

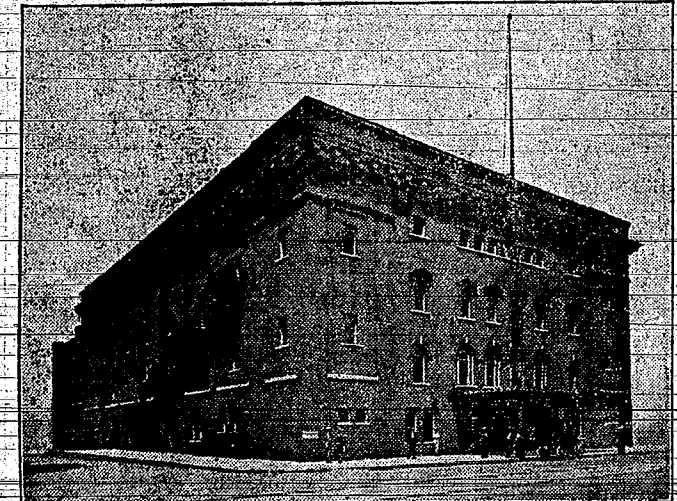
INDUSTRIAL PROGRESS SHOWN IN CONCRETE FORM AT THE GREAT AUDITORIUM AND ARMORY.

GROWTH OF IDEAS, RESOURCES, ASSETS AND CAPITAL SHOWN IN DETAIL BY GROUPS OF LIVE EXHIBITS.

The fourth event of the Saginaw Industrial Exposition promises to eclipse all past efforts. The big Auditorium will be devoted this year exclusively to products made in Saginaw, and to the means and machinery of their manufacture. There are comparatively few people who could name the various things made here, and fewer still who could identify the means by which they are produced. There is nothing so attractive as a live exhibit, one in which some mechanical process is shown. This is the big feature of the shows in the eastern states and their attendance is enormous. On the average it is far more interesting and attractive to patrons of an Exposition to see a machine in actual operation, than to see a display of the finished product. The average person would rather see the people from the Blind Institute making brooms or weaving rugs than to merely look at a pile of rugs or a bundle of brooms. A newspaper is always an object of interest, but when the public can see as they did last year at the News Exhibit, a linotype in actual operation, there is far greater curiosity. Nearly everybody has seen a wood split pulley, but not one in a hundred has seen the sawed cants, the assembling and fastening with consummate skill, the placing of the

of red and gold braid, would quite naturally attract judges and their interpretation, quite reach and surpass the standards set for a military band. The program included the most popular of classical music. There is no one who does not like the march from "Tannhauser," which opened the program yesterday afternoon, and the interpretation it received was exactly what the audience wanted to hear. There are bands and bands, but never before has the stage been adorned with a group of musicians who could compare in personal charm with the instrumentalists who make up the Navassaw Ladies' Band. This remarkable women's collection of musical artists play, with fidelity and exquisite expression, all the great works of Wagner, Bach, Puccini, Verdi, Rossini, the Bellinis, Mascagni, Leon Cavallo, and a host of American composers.

AN UNIQUE OFFERING.
The combined Industrial Exposition and Land Show to be given at the Auditorium this year will present many new features. The Exposition will itself be an almost new institution. The exhibits will be entirely of



Auditorium and Armory where Exposition and Land Show will be held.

bushings, and the other equally as "skilful" operations necessary to produce the finished article, and there can be no doubt that there are thousands who would like to see this and similar processes. The point is that it would be impossible to permit some forty thousand or fifty thousand people to visit the factory where things are made, but a model in working order placed at the Exposition can be seen in ten days by that multitude. Hence it was a wise decision of the Exposition to this year limit the display to Saginaw manufacturers. The attractions will also be of a different order and will be so compelling that the patrons will want to linger and probably make a second or third visit. The Land Show will also be an event of magnitude and as it will be the first Michigan affair of the kind it promises to be a potent point of interest.

LADIES' BAND BIG FEATURE AT SAGINAW EXPOSITION.

The Navassaw Band, of forty young women, twelve the ears of its audience with easy grace, stir their blood with enthusiastic rhythm, clog their sense with time, tune and jiggle, and arouses them from the concert lethargy of many summer-time audiences, with original and picturesque devices.



Beautiful stage setting of the great Navassaw Band.

The band carries an electrician, and while the curtains are closed, about the stage, this man makes the arrangements for the many novelties the band employs to surprise and amuse. Sometimes these devices are spectacular, sometimes wholly humorous, but whatever they may be, they "get" the audience every time.

The Navassaw Ladies' Band will prove a musical sensation. The band comprises 40 young ladies, each a thorough musician, and as perfect an ensemble of musical genius as was ever arrayed in the concert field.

Aside from their success in novelties, and aside from the notice that a band so unusual, composed entirely of the gentle sex, and so picturesque in natty white uniforms with dashing

stages as well as the appliances used in producing and making it ready for the market. Besides all this there will be many attractions which are purely of the amusement nature. One of the finest bands in the United States will give concerts twice daily in the Auditorium proper, alternating with the great pipe organ. It is planned also to have music in the Armory where the Land Show will be held, and there will be music of some kind in the banquet room also. The Merchant's Week feature will be one of the most striking events of the entire affair and many unique offerings have been planned and are under way for this part of the program. Altogether it promises to be the greatest thing that ever happened in Saginaw.

Notice for the Division of the Township of Maple Forest

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned freeholders of the Township of Maple Forest, in the County of Crawford, State of Michigan, that application will be made to the Board of Supervisors of said county, at their annual meeting, to be held at the court house in the village of Grayling, on Monday, the 9th day of October, 1911, to divide the township of Maple Forest into two townships and erect a new township as follows, to wit:

To detach from the said township of Maple Forest: Town 27 North of Range 1 West, and Town 28 North of Range 2 West, of which said territory to form and erect a new township to be known as the township of Lovells, and that Town 28 North of Range 3 West shall be and remain as the Township of Maple Forest.

Dated this 10th day of August 1911.
Names of Town 28 N. R. 1 W. and 28 N. R. 2 W. as follows:
Geo. F. Owen, Dr. C. Underhill, Wm. C. Johnson, Charles W. Ward, G. D. Vallad, Thos. McElroy, James F. Knibbs, James E. Kellogg, Joseph Morency, Joseph Simms, Frank D. Wilson, C. Marshall, T. B. Douglas, John Kaatz, Louis Bill, Robert Papefuss, George Kneth, Conrad Howse, Robert Papefuss, Louis Delleire, Albert B. Nephew, Rufus Edmonds, F. J. Spencer, Eli Forbush, Chas. Lee, John Anderson, John S. Parsons, John S. Chalker.

Affidavit as to Freeholders.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, s.s.
COUNTY OF CRAWFORD.

George F. Owen, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that he is the treasurer of the township of Maple Forest, in said county, and that he knows the inhabitants of said township and that Arnold Johnson, Wm. C. Johnson, W. Hunter, James F. Knibbs, Frank D. Watson, W. T. Kirkby, John Kaatz, Conrad Howse, Louis Delleire, Rufus Edmonds, Eli Forbush, C. Marshall, John Anderson, John S. Parsons and Wm. S. Chalker, whose names are printed to the within and foregoing notice in the column headed: Names of Town 28 N. R. 3 West, are resident freeholders of the said Township of Maple Forest, and more particularly of town 28 N. R. 3 West.

And that Dr. C. F. Underhill, Charles W. Ward, Thos. McElroy, James E. Kellogg, Joseph Simms, C. Marshall, T. B. Douglas, Louis Bill, Robert Papefuss, Geo. F. Owen, A. L. Bessie, Charles Lee, whose names are printed to the within and foregoing notice in the column headed: Names of Town 27 North Range 1 West, are resident freeholders of said township of Maple Forest, and more particularly of Town 27 N. R. 1 West and Town 28 N. R. 2 West, and further deponent says not.

Dated this 31st day of August 1911.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of August 1911.

JOHN J. NIEDERER, Notary Public.

[SEAL] My Commission expires Dec. 7th 1914.

Affidavit.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, s.s.
COUNTY OF CRAWFORD.

Geo. F. Owen, being duly sworn, deposes and says, that the names which appear on the within and foregoing notice for a division of the township of Maple Forest, are the same names who were personally signed to the within and foregoing notice, and that they were all signed thereto in his presence, and further deponent says not.

Dated this 31st day of August 1911.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 31st day of August 1911.

JOHN J. NIEDERER, Notary Public.

[SEAL] My Commission expires Dec. 7th 1914.

Chancery Notice.

State of Michigan, In the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, in Chancery.

Matthew C. Greier, Plaintiff.

vs. Defendants.

Andrew H. Johnson, Minnie Johnson, William A. Gray, B. D. Templeton and W. F. Gouch.

Suit pending in said court on the 29th day of August 1911.

In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file that none of the defendants are residents of this state, and that said defendant Andrew H. Johnson and Minnie Johnson and B. D. Templeton are residents of the state of Minnesota, that said defendant William A. Gray is a resident of the state of Illinois, and that said defendant W. F. Gouch is a resident of the state of Iowa, the court has ordered, that the appearance of said non-resident defendants, and of each of them, be entered herein, within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his or her appearance he and she cause his and her answer to the said complaint to be served on the complainant's solicitor within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order, and in default thereof said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident defendants. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days complainant cause a notice of said order to be published in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed, published and circulated in said county, and that said publication be continued therein, once in each week, for six

weeks in succession, or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on each of said non-resident defendants, and that said complainant, who has acknowledged service of the subpoena issued in this suit, at least twenty days before the time prescribed for his appearance.

OSCAR PALMER, Circuit Court Commissioner in and for said county.
GEO. L. ALEXANDER, Complainant's Solicitor.
sep14-6t

Probate Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the village of Grayling, in said county, on the 9th day of September, 1911.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Liberty Clock, Deceased.

Richard D. Clock having filed in said court, his petition praying that said court adjudicate and determine who were at the time of his death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized.

It is ordered that the sixth day of October A. D. 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper, printed and circulated in said county.

WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.
A true copy.
WELLINGTON BATTERSON, Judge of Probate.
sep. 14-3w

The Might of One Man.

The dwellers in Kensington's most charming and Old World square, can now sleep at night without fear that the too enterprising "flat" builders will encroach on the green turf and greener trees of Edwardes Square and turn it into a wilderness of bricks and mortar. For—and this is where the Edwardes Squares score—there still exists the old charter, which provides that so long as there is a male resident in the square the property must be left intact. This is a great joy to the dwellers thereon, many of whom have promptly proceeded to become absolute owners of their houses—Lady's Pictorial.

THE FREDERIC BANK

OF P. R. DINSMORE & CO.

We Pay You 4% on Savings Deposits

Every banking facility is provided and every accommodation will be extended, consistent with the principles of sound banking.

MORTGAGES LOANS FREDERIC, MICH.

Dr. A. B. Spinney, of Detroit, a specialist of 52 years experience in treating chronic diseases, will give free consultation and be at the Depot Hotel, Monday, September 18, from 7:00 a. m. to 1:30 p. m.

SICK PEOPLE SHOULD INVESTIGATE

I know the Diseases of Both Sexes Like an Open Book. I have Been Curing Them for 49 Years. In fact, My Entire Life Has Been Devoted to Curing Where Others Have Failed.

I Have Changed Hundreds Upon Hundreds of Nervous Wrecks Into Fine, Strong Men and Women. I Accept No Case I Cannot Cure.

I ESPECIALLY invite all discouraged and dissatisfied ones who have been treated without a cure to write me fully and frankly about their case. It will cost you nothing to write me, and I will gladly tell you your condition, truthfully, honestly—accepting no case that I cannot cure, but no false promises.

I have spent my entire life in the study and cure of chronic diseases, and my study and investigation have been blessed by the discovery of many new and marvelous methods of treating disease. Forty-nine years ago I graduated from the Western Homeopathic Medical College of Cleveland, Ohio, and for two years, I was Physician at the Alma Sanitarium, Alma, Mich. I have spent many long years as a specialist, treating chronic diseases of all kinds with wonderful success, and I am now offering my services to the people of this country, giving my entire time to the treatment of Nervous Diseases of both sexes. I cure the worst forms of Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, etc.

My long experience in diagnosing cases and my understanding of the different diseases that I treat enable me in almost every case to prescribe by mail a perfect, thorough cure. All correspondence in plain envelopes and absolutely confidential.

I CURE NERVOUS TROUBLES—Wasting Away, Loss of Vitality in Both Sexes—Whether from excess or overwork, I promptly and positively cure, no matter how long standing.

I CURE BLOOD POISON—I cure Blood Poison in the first, second and third stages—driving the poison from the system, the taint from the blood, curing pimples, copper spots, sores in the mouth, tumors and ulcers.

I CURE FITS—Epilepsy, St. Vitus Dance, Paralysis, etc., by striking direct at the cause, restoring the diseased nerves to perfect health.

I CURE PILES—in 30 days to stay cured and to never return.

I CURE CONSUMPTION, the Great White Plague, in the first and second stages. Have made a special study of this disease for fifty years. Have cured hundreds given up by home doctors. Those I cannot treat at home by mail or by visit, I take to my Sanitarium, where, best of medical skill, nursing and private rooms are given, for Ten Dollars a week.

I GUARANTEE TO CURE, to stay cured, liquor, morphine, cocaine, nicotine or cigarette habits. Most cases treated at home.

Call and see me or write to either Sanitarium as below.

No matter what disease you are suffering from, write me fully today. I will answer at once, and give you advice which cost nothing, may be worth hundreds of dollars—life itself—to you. If I cannot cure you I will tell you so. **WRITE TODAY.**

Faithfully yours,

ANDREW B. SPINNEY, M. D.

Belding Sanitarium and Retreat, Belding, Mich., or Smyrna Sanitarium, Smyrna, Mich.

NOTICE.

To the owner or owners of any and all interest in the land herein described, and to the mortgagee or mortgagees named in all undischarged recorded mortgages against said land or any assigns thereof of record:

Take Notice, That sale has been lawfully made of the following described land for unpaid taxes thereon, and that the undersigned has title thereto under tax deed or deeds issued therefor, and that you are entitled to a reconveyance thereof at any time within six months after return of service of this notice, upon payment to the undersigned or to the Register in Chancery of the county in which the lands lie, of all sums paid upon such purchase, together with one hundred per cent. additional thereon, and the fees of the Sheriff for the service of this notice, to be computed as upon personal service of a declaration as commencement of suit, and the further sum of five dollars for each description, without other additional cost or charges.

As aforesaid is not made, the undersigned will institute proceedings for possession of the land.

Description. Sec. 26, Range 4, Twp. 24, S. 10, E. 4, 26, 2w, 43, 35, 1907.

Situated in Crawford County, Mich. Amount necessary to redeem \$1,701.10 which must be added the fees of the sheriff.

Yours respectfully,

HUGO SCHREIBER, Sr. Place of Business: Sigsbee, Crawford County, Mich.

Dated August 5th A. D. 1911.

To Addison Barker, Grantee under the last recorded deed, in the regular chain of title to said land.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, s.s. COUNTY OF CRAWFORD.

I do hereby certify and return that after making careful inquiry and search I am unable to ascertain the whereabouts or post office address of Addison Barker or the heirs or the whereabouts or post office address of the executor, administrator or trustee or guardian of said Addison Barker.

My Fees \$11.10.

HOMER G. BRENNER, Sheriff of said county.

Dated August 26th 1911.

Drs. Insley & Keyport

Physicians & Surgeons

Office over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m. 2-4, 7-8 p. m.

Residence on Peninsular Avenue, opposite G. A. Hall.

H. H. Merriman, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE.

East of Opera House.

Bank of Grayling.

Successor to Crawford County Exchange Bank.

MARIUS HANSON PROPRIETOR.

Interest paid on certificates of deposit. Collections promptly attended to. All accommodations extended. Safe and conservative banking.

MARIUS HANSON, Cashier.

G. A. Canfield, D.D.S.

DENTIST

OFFICE.

Over Alexander's Law Office on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours: 8:30-11 a. m. 1-3:30 p. m.

Frank G. Walton

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Prosecuting Attorney for Crawford County. Collections promptly attended to. Offices over Lewis & Co's. Drug Store.

O. Palmer

ATTORNEY AT LAW

AND NOTARY

Office in Avalanche Building

FIRE INSURANCE.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Pine Lands

Bought and sold on Commission.

Non-Residents' Lands, looked after.

Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of Bank of Grayling.

The Crown Chemical Co.,

Manufacturers of

Wood Turpentine, Pine and Tar Oils,

Cresote Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Tree Protector Lotions, Dyes, etc.

Factory, General Offices

Grayling, Mich. Toledo, Ohio.

New Angle on Help.

"Why did you inquire so particularly into the wardrobe of that girl you just hired?" asked one of two women who were leaving an employment agency.

"To find out how carefully she will guard against burglars," said the other.

"My experience has been that a girl who has nice things of her own will look up more securely at night and keep a sharper eye out for sneak thieves in the day time than one who has nothing of value to lose."

Advertisement.

\$2,000.00 Dead Benefit; \$15.00 Weekly Benefit for Accident; \$15.00 Weekly Benefit for Sickness; \$100.00 for loss of limb or eyesight; \$100.00 for emergency Relief—Benefit—Cont. \$6.00 per year. No other dues nor assessments. Old established company with \$100,000.00 State Deposit for the protection of policy holders and guarantee of payment of claims. Men and women between 16 and 65 accepted, according to occupation. For further information address Dept. 19, American Life Insurance Company, Box 441, Erie, Pa. 12-7-11

Crawford County Officers.

COUNTY OFFICERS

Sheriff..... H. G. Reeder

Clerk..... J. Niederer

Register..... A. J. Pelling

Prosecuting Attorney..... H. H. Merriman

Judge of Probate..... W. H. Batterson

County Clerk..... E. P. Richardson

SUPERVISORS.

South Branch..... O. F. Barnes

Beaver Creek..... John Hansen

Maple Forest..... J. P. Houten

Grayling..... James J. Collen

Frederic..... Chas. S. Harbe

Village Officers.

President..... C. O. McCullough

Clerk..... S. S. Phelps Jr.

Assessor..... Fred Nardin

Treasurer..... H. Hapson

Trustees—R. W. Brink, A. Taylor, H. Petersen, S. N. Insley, S. Loader, W. Jorgenson.

Society Meetings.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Pastor Rev. James J. Freeling, 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sabbath school 10:45 a. m. Epworth League, 6:00 p. m. Prayer Meeting, Thursday, 7:00 p. m. All cordially invited to attend.

Presbyterian Church.

Regular church services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service, 10:45 a. m. at 8:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming, Pastor.

Methodist Protestant Church.

Rev. Wm. Terhune, Pastor. Services as follows: Preaching, Wednesday 7 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend the above services.

Danish Ev. Lutheran Church.

Rev. P. Kjøhede, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Biblical Lecture Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. Pastor, P. Kjøhede.

St. Mary's Catholic Church.

Services every first and third Sunday of the month. Confession on preceding Saturday at 8 o'clock in the afternoon. Sunday School at 10:45 o'clock a. m.; Sunday School at 2:30 p. m.; Mass at 8:00 a. m. and 8:00 p. m. at 7 o'clock. Pastor, P. Kjøhede.

Grayling Lodge No. 556 F. & A. M.

Meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon.

JAMES J. COLLIN, W. M.

J. F. HUNTER, Secy.

Marvin Post No. 240, G. A. R.

Meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month.

W. HAVENS, Post Com.

A. L. FOND, Adjutant.

Women's Relief Corps, No. 182.

Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays at 8 o'clock in the afternoon.

MRS. E. L. BRIGHT, President

MRS. ANNA HAVENS, Sec.

Grayling Chapter R. A. M. No. 120

Meets every third Wednesday evening on or before the full of the moon.

R. D. CONNOR, H. P.

J. F. HUNTER, Sec.

Grayling Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 187

Meets every Tuesday evening.

PETER BORKER, CONKRIGHT, N. G.

Crawford Tent, F. O. T. M. No. 102

Meets first and third Thursdays of each month.

A. ROBERTS, Com.

M. BRENNER, R. K.

Grayling Chapter, O. E. S. No. 83

Meets Wednesday evening on or before the full of the moon.

MRS. ANNA HAVENS, W. M.

MISS ELIZABETH MILLSTRUP, Sec.

Court Grayling, I. O. F. No. 790

Meets second and last Wednesday of each month.

A. V. HARRINGTON, C. R.

MRS. ANNA HAVENS, R. S.

Companion Court Grayling No. 652, I. O. F.

Meets the second and last Wednesday of each month at Macabee Hall, over H. Petersen's.